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A COMPLETE Stock of the choicest varieties of Grass and Clover Seeds just received. All seeds have been selected with the greatest care. Send us your orders.

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### Prefontaine's Close Season

**Prohibition of Salmon Fishing**  
 Recently Issued Due to Huge Blunder.

Order Is Meaningless as Regards Many Sections of the Province.

Crass Ignorance of Local Conditions Displayed by Officials.

Laughter, not loud, but deep, is heard amongst those Victorians who are interested in the catching and marketing of salmon. The cause of this amusement is the order recently issued from Ottawa, under instructions from Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, minister of the department of marine and fisheries. The order prescribes a close season for the taking of salmon from August 25 until September 15; and because the order is such a comical misfit those who go down to the sea for salmon laugh heartily. The beginning of the story is away back in former years, when a dispute arose in Vancouver between the canners on the one hand, and the fishermen on the other as to a close season. The canners proposed to Ottawa that it would be proper to institute some sort of close season for salmon, and at such time as should best suit the convenience of the canners. This was in effect agreed to by the department. When the fishermen, headed by a number of forcible gentlemen, noted for their quickness of eloquence, sent a complaint to Ottawa to the effect that if this close season was declared to be law, they would rise in rebellion, etc., etc. Matters rested there for a time, but, to the amusement of the department, it was not long before another notification came along from Vancouver to the effect that the difference had been patched up and that all and sundry at the Terminal City were agreed on the necessity for a close season—two parties with but a single thought. Further complications arose to lend variety and add spice to the case, which was rapidly becoming such as would have puzzled the celebrated Philadelphia lawyer of blessed and proverbial memory. In due season of settling such a tangle, the officials at Ottawa advised the minister should be left in abeyance until the Hon. Raymond Prefontaine should pay his long-deferred visit to the coast. It was expected that when the minister should come all things would be made plain and the tortuous paths be made straight. Hon. Mr. Prefontaine, like the late J. Cassin, came, saw, but hardly conquered. The matter was explained to him with such particular care that he evidently could not make head or tail of it. What he did do, like a wise politician, was to look superfluously wise, and put in a very knowing "Ah!" at seasonal intervals in the torrential flow of the salmon advocates' eloquence. This gained for him a reputation for profundity and judgment, and the high opinion of all. He told the Vancouver contingent that he would not hand down any judgment in the matter until he had visited the island and looked into the whole question thoroughly. This was added into his reputation for wisdom.

The visit to Victoria was productive of more explanations, and an increase of the wise look on the minister's hand. He was getting a great grasp of the situation; what he did not know about the habits and customs of the salmon was immaterial to anybody. He learned all about the disputes and the fishermen's neglect of punctuality and regularity, and their dirtiness habit of being plentiful at one place at one time, and forsaking that place for another, only to reappear, without notice in the Government Gazette, later on.

The minister was full of salmon lore when he left Victoria and returned to Vancouver. There he was waited upon by such is the polite term for mobbing a minister by a large and influential body of gentlemen interested in salmon. The final meeting took place in the Hotel Vancouver, the night before Hon. Mr. Prefontaine went east. He had it made perfectly clear to him that a close season must be instituted.

"Will it be this year?" asked a canner.

"Yes, sir," replied the minister with great emphasis, "this year; now; by telegraph. I'll wire immediately."

"And this will be operative for the whole of British Columbia?" asked another canner.

"Yes," replied the impulsive minister, "it shall include all parts of the province."

No wonder a smile of joy ran around the faces of the assembled Vancouver canners. It was just what was wanted.

Sure enough, the telegram went through the department, the order was issued, placing the whole province under close season for salmon, taking from August 25 until September 15, inclusive. The curious part of this extraordinary order is that the times for taking salmon vary in almost every district in British Columbia. The Skeena district, for instance, has its season from about the middle of June to the middle of July. The season on the West Coast of Vancouver Island is a little later, and the only time that the salmon run at all on the lower Fraser is exactly within this period prescribed. The Fraser river is not affected at all by the order—that is, injuriously.

Of course, nobody in Victoria is so wicked and abandoned as to suggest for a single moment that this precious order was wrong out of a well-measured but imperfectly-informed minister by a party of designing people in Vancouver, eager to ruin the Vancouver salmon fisheries. Such a thought would be as degrading and sinful for any person living on this island to harbor even for the fraction of a second.

Some affect to see in the careful cross-examination of the assembled Vancouver meeting, ample evidence that the order is merely the logical sequence of a mass of false information given to the minister by persons who had no scruples about taking advantage of his ignorance of the subject, nor of dealing an underhand blow at the salmon fisheries of Vancouver Island, which, it is alleged in some quarters more or less well informed, are seriously menacing those of the mainland.

At all events the order is regarded as perfectly absurd and uncalled for by the interested persons on the West Coast and in Victoria. Acting under the belief that the order is nothing more than a mistake, which the department would never think of enforcing against those who infringe its provisions, salmon fishers are plying their trade as usual on the coast and other places in the province which would be next to impossible to observe the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

# INCIDENTS OF RETREAT ARE ALMOST INCREDIBLE

## Kuropatkin's Men Floundering Through Mud Laid Down to Sleep in Pouring Rain—Japanese Impossible Task to Bury The Dead.

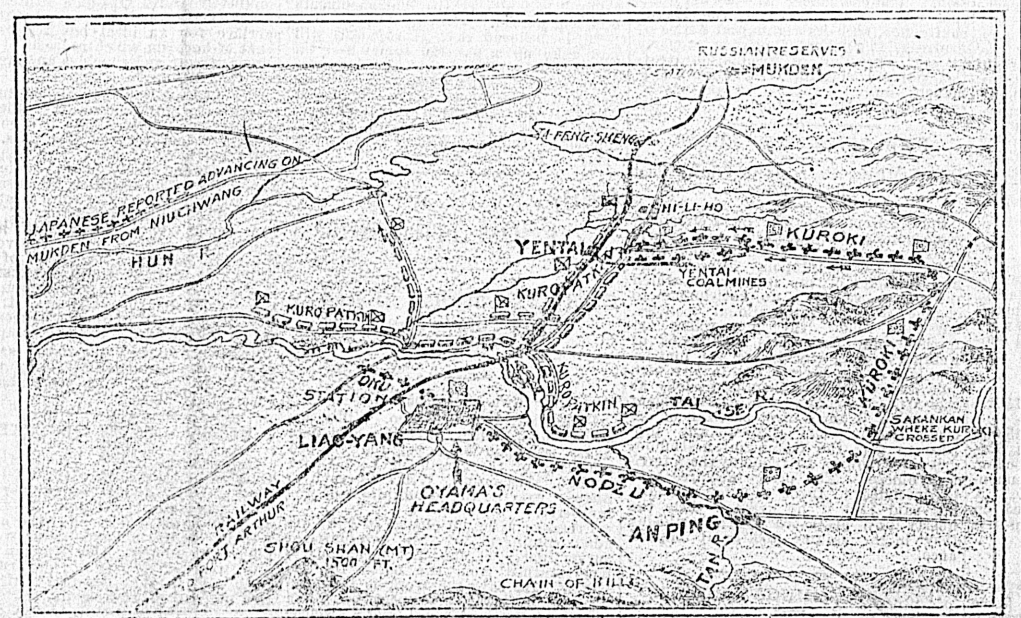
### SUMMARY OF WAR DESPATCHES.

(By Associated Press.)

There is still a lack of specific information regarding the exact situation in Manchuria. The Russian general staff, lacking details, is unable to speak authoritatively, while advices from Japanese sources are significantly lacking. It is established that the Russian army is safely at Mukden, and that the retreat was accomplished "in good order" in spite of the harassing Japanese, and the fact that Kuropatkin was hampered by more than 12,000 wounded. There is nothing yet to indicate the exact figures of the three Japanese armies. When last heard from Kuropatkin's forces were on the left flank of the Russians and steadily pushing northward, but Viceroy Alexieff reports that railway and telegraph communication between Mukden and Harbin uninterrupted.

General Stakeberg reports that there was no fighting during Thursday, and while the outposts are still in contact, they are not even exchanging shots. It seems to be established that the Japanese troops abandoned on Wednesday the attempt to head off Kuropatkin, and the last determined effort to bring the Russian commander to bay was made on Tuesday. A detailed list of Russian losses is promised today (Saturday), and it is expected that these losses will approximate 20,000, as against 30,000 for the Japanese. It is officially reported that Kuropatkin has not been wounded.

The last news from Mukden came in a despatch to the Associated Press, filed Friday night. It tells of a great downpour of rain, accompanied by thunder and lightning, which the correspondent says is considered an advantage to the movements of the Japanese eastern and southern armies. The correspondent adds that quiet reigns over the whole front. There is no news from Port Arthur.



Kuroki's Attempt to Head Off Kuropatkin—The Russians Are Now Safe at Mukden

# LOSING FAITH IN GEN. KUROPATKIN

St. Petersburg, Sept. 10.—It seems to be definitely established that Field Marshal Oyama's troops practically abandoned on Wednesday the attempt to head off General Kuropatkin, and the latter's army has arrived safely at Mukden after fighting and floundering through the mud and mire over the mandarin road. Some descriptions of the scenes along the line of retreat are almost incredible. They tell how the mud lay down in the mud and slept in a drenching rain without shelter.

It is evident that the last determined effort of the Japanese to bring Kuropatkin to bay was made on Tuesday, but the Russian commander-in-chief faced about and two corps, with artillery, beat off the Japanese, while the remainder of the troops continued to march to Mukden. After that the Japanese could only hang on to their flanks and try to shell the retreating columns from the hills. The outposts are still in contact, but they are not even exchanging shots.

A last Associated Press despatch sent tonight from Mukden, describes the horrible plight of the tentless and shelterless soldiers.

The detailed statement of Russian losses, which, it is promised, will be issued Saturday, is awaited with interest. The general expectation is that the losses will approach 20,000, as against 30,000 for the Japanese.

The work of burying the dead was left to the Japanese, who were forced to attempt the task as a matter of self-preservation, but it was almost impossible to accomplish it. The awful rain made the work of burial very difficult and only shallow trenches were possible under the conditions. Not only is this work one of the greatest difficulties, but it is almost valueless from a sanitary point of view, as the storms are undoing it as fast as it is accomplished. The wounded has taxed the hospitals to their utmost. One correspondent says that 12,000 wounded have passed through the Mukden hospitals up to Sunday, and only the most severe cases could be attended by the nurses and

surgeons. Many, therefore, had to be left to their own care.

Now that the battle of Liaoyang belongs within the domain of history, officials of the general staff are more disposed to discuss some of the incidents, although they still lack specific information, which makes it impossible for them to speak authoritatively on many points. General Kuropatkin's army at Liaoyang consisted of 200 battalions, 147 squadrons of cavalry and 700 guns, approximately 108,000 bayonets, 15,000 sabres and 10,000 gunners. Portions of two European corps and one Siberian corps had been left at Mukden and a number of these reserves were brought into the fight. The size of the Japanese army has not been definitely established, but its actual fighting force is supposed to have had superiority in numbers of from 50,000 to 60,000 men and a considerable superiority also in artillery.

One chief advantage possessed by Field Marshal Oyama, according to the Russian experts, consisted in the greater elasticity in movement and in handling, on account of the separation of the three respective armies of Generals Kuroki, Oku and Nodzu. Kuropatkin very lately also introduced the same system in his movements, and he created the eastern and southern armies, under the respective command of Generals Ivanhoff and Zarouboff, but these armies had not been acting independently for months, while the Japanese armies had been so acting.

On arrival at the seat of war, General Biderling, of the Seventeenth Army Corps, took over the command of the Russian army, and a season ago, with his men, with the field of battle and with the tactics of the Japanese, had to give away to a man older in years who possessed none of these advantages. This change in commanders at such a critical time is considered here to have been extremely unfortunate.

Although it is admitted that the eastern army had faced Kuroki, who has earned a reputation as the most skill-

ful of the Japanese leaders, the poor showing which it made in comparison with the southern army, under Zarouboff, perhaps not altogether unjustly might be attributed to this change of commanders, and the battle might have been won if Biderling had been able to duplicate in the east the splendid fight which Zarouboff made against Oku, but Biderling was twice repulsed. It was his second repulse by the Japanese force on the heights of Yentai which induced Kuropatkin to order a retreat, and there are officers of the general staff who believe that this order was precipitate, holding that if Kuropatkin had followed up the offensive on the arrival of Stakeberg, in time to support Orloff in the blocking of the sweeping movement, the day might have been won. These officers are inclined to believe that, like Napoleon and some others of the world's greatest generals, Kuropatkin suffered a temporary relapse of judgment in the army corps which he had launched on the branch road at Yentai, he held the Japanese in check long enough to allow the southern portion to pass him and escape northward.

The subsequent retreat of the Russian army over the terrible roads in the face of the determined foe is considered a brilliant feat by all, but it is undeniable that Kuropatkin has disappointed many of his old admirers, who are unable to forgive the defeat, and now recall that Kuropatkin's reputation was made as the chief of Skobloff's staff, and not as leader of the army. They know how carefully the position at Liaoyang was prepared and they had been assured that if Kuropatkin accepted battle there, he could achieve victory. Instead they say, regretfully, he was outflanked and outgeneraled.

Nevertheless, perhaps, with the majority, faith in General Kuropatkin remains unshaken.

## LONDON GOSSIP BY THE CABLE

**Prof. Goldwin Smith on Canadian Frontier Defence—Earl Grey's Coming.**

London, Sept. 9.—Prof. Goldwin Smith in a letter to the Manchester Guardian, on the defence of the Canadian frontier, referring to being present at a picnic of Reesors, a clan of Swiss origin, says they multiplied on both sides of the line. "Do you expect," he adds, "one-half of their labor to expend the fruits of their labor to take up arms against the other half?" He quotes a speech of a few years ago of Sir Richard Carter, in which Sir Richard said he knew that in the great regions of Canada you would not find one single, solitary Canadian family which has not a son, daughter, brother or sister inhabiting the United States. It was easy to judge whether the members of the family who remain in Canada will gladly give up their earnings to provide the means of fighting those gone to the States. An old Canadian usual in the province which would be next to impossible to observe the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

## QUICKLY TIRE OF WAR.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 9.—Advances received from Paraguay today showed that negotiations for peace between the government of that republic and the Paraguayan insurgents have been resumed.

**BERNIER'S EXPEDITION.**  
 Explorer's Plans Will Likely Go Awry This Season.

St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 9.—A party of ten Newfoundland seamen, engaged for three years to assist in navigating the Canadian steamer Gais, in Hudson bay, left here to join that vessel at Quebec. The Canadian plans for this expedition are likely to be seriously disrupted. The Arctic should meet at Port Burwell, September 15, the steamer Neptune, which is already in Hudson bay, but it is not likely that she will reach there before two weeks from that date.

## SOUTH PORT SIMPSON LIKELY TERMINUS

**Grand Trunk Pacific Officials Seem to Favor the Northern Settlement.**

From Our Own Correspondent.

Port Simpson, B. C., Sept. 2.—The party of Grand Trunk Pacific Railway officials, Charles M. Hays, president; P. W. Morse, vice president; William Mainwaring, second vice president; H. Phillips, secretary; J. S. Stephens, chief engineer; James H. Bacon, harbor engineer, and several of the directors arrived in Port Simpson on the Canadian revenue cutter Quadra on the 2nd inst. The party occupied the day in viewing the harbor and the lay of the ground for terminal purposes. They took their departure in the evening for Hazelton on the Mount Royal. Nothing definite could be learned from the party as to what point would be selected for the terminal, but it seems to be the general impression that it will be at South Port Simpson.

The Hudson Bay steamer Mount Royal has completed her season on the Stickeen river and will now make several trips to Hazelton on the Skeena, when she will return to Victoria to lay up during the winter months.

## Pen Picture Of the Battle

London Times Correspondent  
 Cables Description of the Struggle at Liaoyang.

Kuropatkin Beaten But Is Not Routed According to This Version.

Was the Greatest Artillery Duel The World Has Ever Seen.

With Japanese Left Army via Tientsin, Sept. 8.—(Delayed in Transmission.)—On August 25th the Japanese army was ready for its final operation against the Russian concentrated main force, which was believed to be at Liaoyang. The obvious strategy was for General Kuroki to strike at the Russian communications to the north of Liaoyang while the remaining divisions attacked the enemy from the south.

Immediately the Japanese came into touch four miles north of Haicheng Gen. Oku was opposed by the Russian rear guard, sent to delay him. This force delayed his advance for three days, its efforts being aided by the weather, which reduced the roads to a terrible condition.

**JAPS HIDE IN FIELDS.**  
 On August 25th the Japanese headquarters halted, while the advance guard attempted to get into touch with the Russian front. This August 30th again threateningly, finding the Japanese army deployed under cover of the crops facing seven hills which the Russians had held. It was obvious from the outset that General Oku's retreat was due to have caused him to despise the staying powers of the enemy, for without waiting for adequate preparations he pushed his infantry down to the limit of standstill, which was under the most precarious sickle of the Russian's.

From a rocky eminence it was possible to get an occasional view of the snake-like infantry column. They opened accurate sharpshooters from four positions, which remained masked throughout the days' fighting. The Russian tactics at Liaoyang were a revelation for which General Oku had to pay dearly, for as soon as the Russian guns opened fire, the Japanese were prepared by heavy artillery fire, in which the Japanese had 100 field guns and sixty howitzers engaged. Against this the Russians returned a heavy fire from probably forty electric field guns, of which the abortive character of the infantry advance was the indirect result.

**MAKE GALLANT CHARGE.**  
 Gallantly the little infantrymen responded to the order in groups of twelve, their formation for such an attack, and pressed up towards the inferno prepared for them. The leading battalions were the Fourth and Sixth divisions, which essayed the approaches to the rocky eminence, but a sheet of lead from the enemy's guns from their supporting trenches swept them back, and they were fain to dig themselves into the soft mud on the fringe of the standing corn.

The third division, with the gallant Thirty-fourth regiment leading, made a similar attempt nearer the centre, but the result was the same narrow slaughter.

On the Russian left and right a brigade of the Third division and the Forty-first regiment, had made better progress, though this was due to the fact that the Japanese art of war counsels persistence, and despite the failure of the first attack another was ordered to begin at 2 o'clock of the following morning.

The cold, gray dawn witnessed another scene of slaughter on the Russian right, as the defenders again hurled the attack back with an enfilading fire. The third division had now turned against the Russian left. This position was composed of a brush-covered hogback, sloping to the east. It was defended by a triple line of trenches, with a glacis protected by ten feet of earth, and was cunningly entrenched during the semi-darkness of the morning. The Forty-first infantry carried this under fire after losing seventy of 100 pioneers, who had taken their way through the entanglements with axes. The men rushing through this gap, overpowered the sentries before the supports sleeping in the spitzer proofs behind could reinforce them, but, daybreak brought a tragedy which is common in modern warfare.

**KILLED BY OWN GUNS.**  
 Shell fire believed to be from Japanese guns drove this gnat-storming party from its hold, filling the trenches with Japanese dead. Thus an hour after sunrise the Japanese were again at attack on this point remained practically in statu quo. All the preceding day your correspondent had heard the sound of the guns of the Fifth division and more muffled booming northeast, certain was conjectured to come from General Kuroki's guns. But it would seem certain that General Kuropatkin had concentrated his main force previously in an endeavor to crush General Kuroki, and that thereby the main force of the Japanese strategic plan had failed. Anyway, for as far as we could judge, neither the Tenth division nor that commanded by General Kuroki had made any perceptible progress in five days' fighting, and we knew that after the second day the Russians only held Oku and Nodzu with their rear guard.

On August 31st the weather was fine. The southern attack all morning was concentrated in an artillery fire on a bushy hill, which was won and lost. At 10 o'clock we could see the Fifth division moving against the Russian left. With slow, creeping work this division had been able to approach within close range of the enemy, and the little Japanese hand howitzers, which accompany every infantry brigade, were now brought up to support the firing line. They massed against the rocky excrescences which gave cover from the Russian artillery fire, until the preparations seemed complete. Then they extended down the inner and outer slope ridge in company columns, single file, shoulder to shoulder, lying down after their positions had been carefully formed.

**FORCE THE RUSSIANS BACK.**  
 Shortly before noon they broke into

(Continued on Page Eight.)



## TOURISTS

Visit the Naval Dock, Beacon Hill Park and Oak Bay Before Leaving the City. Car Service to All Aforementioned Points of Interest.

B. C. Electric Railway Co., Ltd.

## Grease For The Machine

Vendors of the Canada Eastern Do Not Make Good and Sale Is Hung Up.

Dawson City's Challenge for the Stanley Cup to Be Played in January.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Sept. 9.—The winter mail arrangements to the Yukon go into effect October 1st. After that date, bulky packages will not be taken by mail, only letters and single newspapers.

The transfer of the Canada Eastern railway to the government was to have taken place September 1st, the price to be paid being \$800,000. It is said that delay regarding the government taking over the road arises out of the difficulty in securing an adequate rake off for elections.

The militia department has decided to confer with the imperial authorities on the question of the defects in the ammunition used at the recent D.R. A. meeting.

The national transcontinental railway commission this morning announced the appointment of Charles Garden of Woodstock, N. B., as district engineer over the territory between Edmonton and Moncton, known as the New Brunswick division.

P. D. Ross, trustee of the Stanley cup, has accepted a challenge from the Dawson hockey club to play the present cup holders, the Ottawas, in January. The citizens of Dawson have subscribed \$10,000 to send the team East.

### ACTION RATIFIED.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 9.—The action of President Donnelly in declaring the packinghouse strike off was unanimously ratified at a meeting today of the conference board of the local employers. Tomorrow many of the men will apply for reinstatement.

### HOLDING UP THE BRITISHIER.

Boston, Sept. 9.—A fine of \$15,000 has been imposed on the Royal Exchange Assurance Company, of London, in transacting business in this commonwealth for violating the state laws. A fine of \$200 also has been levied on Robert G. Fairfield, the Massachusetts agent of the company.

### BIG FIRE IN MEXICO.

Progresso, Mexico, Sept. 9.—A fierce fire which broke out here yesterday raged unchecked all day. It wiped out an entire block of business houses occupied by firms engaged in the oil business. The losses are estimated at from \$1,000,000 to \$1,100,000, with but little insurance.

### COLLIERY COMPANY RUSHING WORK

International Coal and Coke Completes Its First Battery of Ovens.

Grand Forks, B. C., Sept. 9.—H. N. Galer, general manager of the International Coal and Coke Company, Coleman, Alberta, who is in town, reports great activity at Coleman. The first battery of 104 coke ovens has been completed. Rapid progress with the installation of the plant is being made. The coal tipple is nearly completed, and it will have a capacity of 2,000 tons per day. Three weeks hence all the plant will be in operation, enabling the colliery to maintain an output of 500 tons daily.

H. W. Warrington, general superintendent of the Kettle Valley railway, and a party of engineers, have left here to seek the most feasible route for the proposed extension of the railway from this city to Spence's Bridge, on the main line of the C. P. R., a distance of three hundred miles. Levels will be taken on both branches of the north and south lines. The road will run west to Vernon and thence via the Nicola and Salmon rivers to Spence's Bridge.

### REVOLUTIONIST ACTIVITY.

Vigorous Propaganda Resumed Against the Autocracy.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 10.—(3:55 a. m.)—Intense activity is being displayed by anti-Russian revolutionary organizations, who have united in an effort to appeal to all the discontented classes in Russia. Incendiary proclamations have been smuggled across the border and distributed broadcast, especially in Polish and Jewish countries, calling upon the population to take advantage of the government's preoccupation owing to the war to overthrow the autocracy. Such a propaganda in Russia always results in an increase of violence. The proclamations are addressed to the Jewish people in particular, but the appeals are made to all the heterodox sects, workmen and socialists. Special appeals are made to the soldiers and peasants. Many proclamations have been seized and it is proved that they have been printed in London. Until now they have met with little response in Russia proper, but there have been several manifestations in various parts of southwestern Russia, where the population is largely Jewish. The largest demonstration, it is understood, took place at Grodnow, Poland, where 500 persons have participated. The ministry of the interior, seemingly, does not attach great importance to the proclamations.

## Oku's Infantry Finest in World

London Times Expert Gives His Opinion of Japanese Soldiers.

No Other Army Could Have Done What Mikado's Has Done.

London, Sept. 10.—The Times this morning prints a despatch, dated at Peking, from a correspondent lately with General Oku's army, which says: "Liaoyang at sunrise on September 4 presented a dismal spectacle. The Russian settlement was overhung with a pall of smoke. The scared Chinese were in hiding and the dead-head Japanese were bivouacking in the suburbs. Not a shot was fired inside the Russian lines that day and not a Russian left except a few deserters disguised as Chinese."

"The town was not greatly damaged by the shell fire, but all the European schools and the Russian residents' houses were sacked by the Tenth Siberian Rifles. Over fifty Chinese were killed by the Japanese shell fire."

"The Japanese divisional commander attempted to pursue the Russians and managed to secure a brigade of troops, but who were too tired to effect anything."

"The correspondent says that he is compelled to confess that what he has seen is a position somewhat different from the practice fall short of his expectations."

National Delegates Discuss Organization of Permanent Congress of Nations.

St. Louis, Sept. 9.—The inter-parliamentary union, composed of 226 delegates from America, Australia, Belgium, Denmark, England, France, Germany, Hungary, Italy, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Roumania, Sweden and Switzerland, arrived here today and next week will hold its twelfth annual session. The conference will discuss questions which were raised at the Hague conference, such as rights and duties of neutrals; immunity of private property at sea; execution of arbitration treaties; and the creation of a permanent official congress of nations to supplant the Hague court.

### NEW MINISTER'S PLANS.

Prince Mirsky Proposes to Work Along Liberal Lines.

Paris, Sept. 10.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Echo de Paris sends an interview which he had with Prince Peter Sviatopolk Mirsky, the new minister of the interior, in which the prince said: "I do not intend to change Russia's international policy, but shall follow the programme set forth in the Emperor's manifesto of February, 1903, working on the foundation laid by my sovereign to inspire with true and broad liberalism, especially as this will not change the establishment of things. I am a firm partizan of decentralization, and subsequently propose to give the communal assemblies extensive powers to regulate their territory offices. The prince declared that he intended to treat the Jews kindly, but said that if he granted them the liberty now possessed by the orthodox they might assume too great importance."

### FORTUNE BRINGS TROUBLE.

Australian Lady at Tacoma Has Some Difficulty With a Legacy.

Tacoma, Sept. 9.—Mrs. N. Dickson, who came here recently from Seattle, coming to that place from Australia, and whose bachelor brother died about two months ago, leaving her a fortune in money and mining stock, is having her life made a burden by the persistence of beggars. At the time of the death of her brother, she had fallen heir to her mother's estate newspapers published lengthy accounts of the facts, with a history of Mrs. Dickson's family. Immediately after the publication of these articles Mrs. Dickson began receiving letters from different parts of the country, and in a few days her daily mail had grown to the proportions of that of a campaign manager. Upon receiving the first letter Mrs. Dickson was moved to give what appeared to be a local horist establishment during the absence of the owner, who will return from a trip through the East at the end of a month. Mrs. Dickson will then go to San Francisco and from there to the United States, and the United States, and with these Mrs. Dickson will probably ultimately make a tour of Europe.

## THE GRAND LLAMA IN THE SULKS

British Expedition Gains Its End and Tibetan Ruler Abdicates.

Lhasa, Sept. 9 (via Cyangtse).—Colonel Younghusband, head of the British mission, and the Tibetan officials, signed a formal treaty today in the apartments of the Dalai Lama, at the Potala. The ceremony was simple and was conducted amid quaint and picturesque surroundings. The terms of the treaty were read out only in the Tibetan language, and its details will be published later by the foreign office at Simla. The proceedings closed with a short speech by Colonel Younghusband.

The Dalai Lama is now supposed to be well on his way into Mongolia, and the officials insist that his actions amount to abdication. The administration is now carried on by a council of regency. It is believed that the Tashi Lama will eventually be recognized as the supreme religious head. The arrangements for the return of the British mission are complete.

## The Horrors of Russian Retreat

Particulars Have Not as Yet Reached London in Time for Publication.

Recent Struggle Terrible Beyond Imagination and of Unequalled Desperation.

London, Sept. 10.—The horrors and privations of the Russian retreat recounted in the Associated Press despatches have not yet been printed here, hence the moving papers lack review comment on the details of the battle of Liaoyang. Another day of Japanese silence, however, strikes the military critics here with the suspicion that the Russian action may be ominous for the Russians.

The Daily Chronicle eulogizes Gen. Kuropatkin, declaring that Captain A. Mann, U. S. A., was the first and only man to foresee the genius which inspired the strategy of the Russian commander-in-chief.

The Daily Telegraph in commenting on the battle of Liaoyang says it was a struggle "terrible beyond imagination with a desperation unparalleled in war."

"Henceforth," it says, "a new standard of heroism will be shown. These lessons have already been wiped out by the lessons of a far greater war."

Every development in Manchuria, according to the Daily Telegraph emphasizes the division of the peoples of the world into "the hard and the soft." In the words of the latest despatches the Daily Telegraph declares that Kuropatkin completely foiled Oyama's strategy, but that "Russian and Japanese capacity of sacrifice for an ideal has restored the horror of war and ennobles and strengthens the nations."

The Daily Express claims to have trustworthy information that the Russian army is divided into five columns. The first has reached the pass, forty miles north of Mukden, and is preparing to defend that place against the Japanese. The second is between Mukden and Tie pass. The third is at Mukden, consisting of 80,000 men under General Meyerhoff, is holding Gen. Kuroki in check twelve miles south of Mukden. The fifth, of about 12,000, is further south exhausted by incessant fighting and is surrounded on three sides by the Japanese. Its position is one of extreme danger from which it can hardly hope to escape.

"Everything now depends," says the paper, "on Meyerhoff's ability to hold Kuroki in check, which so far has been successfully done."

### RUSSIAN ARMY DESERTERS.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Three Russian army deserters arrived here today, carrying funds and passports, and were sent back to Canada. Several others who entered here and who are now working as farm hands came well supplied with money. One Russian who is still wearing a part of his army uniform said that he deserted with an entire outpost of fifty men.

## HANGING TOO GOOD FOR THE MISCREANTS

Union Miner Concedes to Complicity in Fearful Dynamite Outrages.

Topeka, Kansas, Sept. 9.—B. F. Stager, alias Robt. Romaine, a deported Colorado miner, under arrest here for burglary, has confessed to the county attorney to complicity in the Independence dynamite plot, and has admitted that he had been in the Cripple Creek district last June, by which fifteen non-union miners were killed outright and others injured. Romaine says he helped to place the dynamite and wires, and was connected with the plot, and by which the charge was set off. Romaine gave the names of those whom he alleges were implicated with him in the plot.

Romaine said the dynamite was laid under the depot platform at Independence. He told how the dynamite was connected with a concealed wire to a chair in a room about 500 yards away. It was agreed that the chair was to be moved backward, so as to pull the wire and explode the dynamite. A pistol was attached to one end of the wire and the pistol was directly under the big charge of dynamite.

Romaine was waiting in the room with others when the train pulled up to the station, and saw two of his friends among the number. He wanted to get away and started to tell them to leave the platform, when one of the men who was with him struck him on the head with a revolver. The dynamite charge was exploded a few minutes afterward and the friends of Romaine were killed or injured.

Cripple Creek, Sept. 9.—The men whom Romaine implicated with himself are said to be former officials and members of the miners' unions in this district. Only one of them is believed to be alive. Clifton Kemison, former president of the Miners' Union No. 40, Cripple Creek, is now in the district. Kemison is now in the county jail, charged with murder and conspiracy to murder in the dynamite explosion.

### CALIFORNIA FOREST FIRES.

San Francisco, Sept. 9.—Forest fires are doing great damage in several portions of California. In Alameda and Contra Costa counties thousands of acres of land have been swept by flames and many houses have been destroyed, the loss reaching \$100,000.

FIRST STOGIES MADE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

"The first stogie was made by hand in the wilds of Pennsylvania," said John Duff of Allegheny City.

"The story which they tell once in a while in West Virginia, and which derived their name from the town of Conestoga, Pa. An emigrant train of wagons was finding its way across the state, and a supply of tobacco was found at Conestoga."

"The emigrants got a lot of it, but failed to get any pipes, and so could not smoke, unless they made pipes themselves. Necessity is the mother of invention. You may have heard of the remark before, 'Ain't no cure on the men rolled a leaf of the tobacco in his hand, and wrapped it with another leaf.' That was the first stogie. Others followed his example, and they all called the article what they made a 'stogie' in honor of the town in which the tobacco was secured. That is said to be the true story of how the name 'stogie' originated."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven entirely to the contrary, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by J. C. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. W. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Pen Picture Of The Fight

but could not advance an inch, and thus the afternoon wore on.

All along the line no movement could be traced, except the moving nearer in of some Japanese batteries. The artillery duel, however, continued unabated. Along the fringe of the Japanese front individual infantrymen had crept forward and dug themselves in where mounds or water courses made it possible to escape the searching fire of the Russian rifles, while all the time the Russian shrapnel was sweeping hundreds to death.

General Oku was growing desperate. From the position of the Fifth division it was evident that the Tenth division and General Kuropatkin were making no headway, and Oku determined upon a third assault that night. All day he had been moving his reserves up into the front line. At 6 o'clock the whole strength of the Japanese artillery began a rapid fire. This was continued an hour, and afterwards, for the third time, the infantry was hurled against Russian position in a general assault.

### DEAD LIE IN HEAPS.

It was a repetition of all previous assaults. There was gruesome evidence the following morning to show how much like hares in snares the heroic front-line struggle had been. In the entanglements, the dead, how blundering in darkness, sections had thrown themselves down thirty yards from the firing line of muzzles whose flashes marked the goal they were never to win. The first battalion of the 24th Regiment, which had been lying in scrub for 48 hours at the foot of the green glacial on the centre hill, broke through abatis and entanglements, and in spite of a flaming fire which swept the whole group after group, had enough endurance to reach the first trench. What happened there no one knows. But in the morning, when we viewed the position, the Russian and Japanese were lying intermingled waist deep in the ditch, while from parapet to entanglement, perhaps 150 yards thick, a trail of khaki told a tale no pen can describe.

Everywhere again the assault had failed. The divisional telegraph told headquarters the desperate news. The laconic reply was to reinforce and assault again before daybreak, but the curtain had already fallen on the first act of the drama.

Whether shaken by the repeated attacks or fearful of their left flank, or finding that General Kuropatkin could be helped with difficulty from his communications, General Kuropatkin was present in person, countenanced a general withdrawal from the position about midnight. So the Japanese occupied the whole works in the morning up to the second position, which they had not held, while the Russians fell back to the third line, leaving seven prisoners entombed in a trench in Japanese hands. These, with the position gained and the Russians dead, were the net result of the day's fighting. Kuropatkin, at the lowest estimate, could not have cost much less than 10,000 lives. Kuropatkin was beaten, but not routed by any means, in spite of the Japanese reports that the Russian army had fled panic-stricken from the field.

When the position was found evacuated, it was thought that the Japanese would march into Liaoyang immediately, but this was not so. The Japanese army, after a sanguinary struggle before General Kuropatkin withdrew from a struggle which cost the Japanese more casualties than they suffered during the capture of the first position.

### ANOTHER FIERCE STRUGGLE.

The general impression on the morning of September 1 was that we had only to advance and occupy Liaoyang, but when General Oku's infantry began to feel the town they found the enemy by no means intended to abandon it without a struggle. As the infantry began to advance the artillery opened fire from three positions in front of the town to another stubborn battle. The progress made by Oku during the day was slow. Trains had been seen leaving the city all day.

The rear guard, having completed its duty, retired. General Oku again ordered one of those terrific artillery fusillades which precede the Japanese infantry assaults. It seemed as if everything must be annihilated before such artillery fire. Just as the fire reached its height all along the line three Russian artillery positions burst into a raging flame. The Japanese then supplemented their artillery fire with bursts of rapid shrapnel fire. The Russians, however, were not done yet.

That night the foreign attaches were informed that General Oku had ordered a general attack which was destined to be final. The plan was to attack and place the town just before sunrise on September 3. The reports say it was desperate, but failed, with considerable loss. It was evident from the increase in the vehemence of the Japanese artillery fire, that they were determined that morning that determined him to roll up the Russian line no matter what the cost.

### HEAVY ARTILLERY DUEL.

Between 10 and 11 o'clock we witnessed a magnificent artillery duel. The Japanese concentrated their fire on each battery position in turn and seemed to make of their immediate vicinity a blazing hell of bursting shells in dense columns of smoke and noise. Out of the smoke still came the answering flashes, since in spite of everything the Russian gunners doggedly returned fire with fire.

At 10:30 the Japanese artillery fire ceased. It was evident that another attempt at an advance was to be made. We could see the infantry had howitzers supporting their advance until the last moment, when fire in the background was evident that General Kuropatkin's Tenth division was attempting to complete the ruin upon which Oku was so intent, but Kuropatkin's attempt was only a repetition of the ghastly carnage.

The fifth division, however, made better way. We could see the infantry in this gallant unit among the trees and houses of the Chinese suburb and even saw dark-coated Russian infantry companies. In a moment the Chinese suburb and the Japanese infantry would rush upon the Russian battery upon the left, which had been admired so much, but the line of the Russian trenches stayed the rush of the Japanese and the gallant unit went to swell the tale of casualties.

Nevertheless General Oku would not brook failure. Shortly before 11 o'clock the artillery fire commenced once again. This time your correspondent does not hesitate to say that it was the severest concentrated artillery fire the world has ever seen. Every gun belonging to the Japanese corps concentrated its rapid fire on the left of Kuropatkin's position, and started to roll them back. In the front of the Russian settlement in an angle of the city wall. It was magnificent, yet awful.

Shimoshe shells burst and threw great columns of black and yellow smoke into the air. In a moment the roofs of the Russian buildings shot up into flames, pillars of dense smoke formed above the settlement, yet the sombre canopy was relieved by a brilliant sparkling shrapnel, and while the whole mottled mass obscured the view of the town behind.

### A FORCE WAY INTO LIAOYANG.

Nothing could live under this fire, said a group of observers. The end of the Russian resistance had come. The spectators had resolved that the Russian gunners had rested from work beneath the devastation and slaughter, when suddenly, from out of the midst of smoke and murky dust left from the Russian shrapnel, came three heroic Russian batteries. We felt inclined to cheer, but it seemed that this was their last effort, a magnificent farewell to the enemy, which they were making. A heavy rifle effective, if one could judge by the countless passing from the firing lines of strings of Chinese stretcher bearers.

We had evidence that Liaoyang would be abandoned, but it seemed certain that although defeated and forced by super-

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**TONGUE SAUSAGE**

This Sausage has never been offered before **20c** and it is GOOD. Per pound.....

**WHISKIES** All Sorts, Scotch, Irish, Canadian, American, from 50c to \$1.75 bottle. SEE WINDOW.

The Famous Consello Oporto.....plnts, 25c, quarts 50c

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Will every reader of this enquiry

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**THE E. B. EDDY COMPANY**

HULL CANADA

**DIED.**

**ELLIOTT**—On the 8th instant, Jonathan Elliott, a native of Gloucestershire, England, aged 74 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday at 1:45 p. m. from Hayward's Undertaking Parlor, and at the Reformed Episcopal church at 2 o'clock.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

**GRANITE AND MARBLE WORKS**

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first-class stock and workmanship.

**A. STEWART,**

Cor. Yates and Blanchard Sts.

**GAME CHICKENS**

Wanted, of the Cornish Indian breed, preferably from imported stock; either grown or young fowls. Address

**A. P. ARMSTRONG**

Business College, Portland, Oregon.

**Rootbeer!**

This is the genuine Rootbeer so popular as to invite imitation.

**5 Gallons For 25cts**

A 25c package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere or sent post paid.

**W. P. DOWNEY, Sole Agent**

26 St. Peter St. Montreal, Can.

**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.**

**SEALED TENDERS**, endorsed "Tender for Sewage Disposal," will be received by the Victoria City Engineer, at the office of the Government Agent, Victoria, and the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C.

Tenders will not be considered unless made upon the printed forms supplied for the purpose, and the agreement to execute a bond appended to the form of tender is duly signed by the contractor himself and two responsible sureties, residents of the Province, in the penal sum of \$500, for the faithful performance of the work.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

**W. S. GORE,**

Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 8th September, 1904.

**DEWDNEY & SPRINGETT**

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Real Estate, Financial and General Agents.

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**Valuable Waterfrontage FOR SALE**

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**J. STUART YATES**

**Late Cabbage, Bucoli, Brussels Sprouts, Etc.**

50c. PER HUNDRED.

**JOHNSTON'S STEED STORE,**

City Market

**To My Patients And The Public**

I have just returned from an extensive trip through the United States, studying all the latest inventions and improvements in Dentistry. Having had nearly twenty-five years' experience in practice, I am in a position to give the very best satisfaction. My artificial teeth can not be excelled. If you are wearing a set that does not fit, and your dentist can not give you satisfaction, come to me, and if I don't give you satisfaction I will not charge you a cent. Special prices made for public speakers and singers.

**DR. HARTMAN.**

**GORDON'S LONDON DRYGIN**







# The Colonist.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1904.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.  
No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.  
A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

## TO TRAVELERS.

Visitors to Seattle will find The Colonist on sale at the following news stands:

Hotel Butler, News Stand.  
Hotel Seattle, do.  
Hotel Northern, do.  
Sutton & Co., Yesler Way and Occidental Ave.  
W. Ellis, News Stand.  
J. R. Justice, 210 Columbia.

### DAWSON'S PROMISING FUTURE.

In the course of an interview with the Yukon World Mr. A. N. C. Treadgold, whose name is familiar in connection with the Treadgold concession granted by the Dominion Government and relinquished on account of the great outcry that was made against that virtual monopoly, expressed surprise at the pessimistic view he found prevailing in Dawson relative to the exodus from that city and vicinity to the Tanana gold-fields that had taken place. He deprecated jealousy of other camps, and stated it as his opinion that, as a means of attracting the attention of capitalists, it would be infinitely better if in the North there were half a dozen centres each as well known as Dawson, instead of only one, as is now the case. With regard to Dawson's prospects, he thought the camp neither better nor worse than it was a year ago, but with every promise of its being better in the future. Further, he disagreed with the view that the time is approaching when the country will necessarily fall into the hands of the few.

### KAMLOOPS AND THE PROPOSED SANITARIUM.

In commenting on the attitude of the people of Kamloops towards the proposal to establish there a sanitarium for the cure of those afflicted with tuberculosis, the Nelson Daily News is not complimentary to that community. It contrasts with their opposition the action of Calgary in a similar connection, pointing out that not only are the people of that larger city of a different mind, but that Calgary newspapers, instead of opposing the sanitarium, are strongly in favor of it, and publish long articles under display headings, in which the success of the institution is shown and the salubrity of the climate given much prominence. Kamloops will not appreciate the statement made that one of the reasons their town remains relatively a small place while Calgary has a population of 10,000 people is that in the latter town the citizens are enterprising; while those of Kamloops are the opposite; nevertheless, it might be well for them to make full enquiry as to whether the evil results they fear from having a number of consumptive people resident in their vicinity have been experienced at Calgary. If not they may think that they have been somewhat hasty in their conclusions.

### COAL-CUTTING MACHINES AT NANAIMO.

It is understood that there is a probability of another effort being made to use coal-cutting machines in the Nanaimo coal mines. Heretofore when tried in those mines these mechanical coal-cutters have not worked so successfully as to encourage their general use there. Possibly those who were required to operate them were not experienced in their use. Like all other modern labor-saving appliances they require that those using them shall be accustomed to their operation, else it cannot be reasonably expected that they will prove effective. In the course of his address at the annual meeting of the British Society of Mining Students last month the retiring president stated that during the last few years great progress had been made with regard to the use of these machines. Where the conditions as to the nature of the seam and the floor had been favorable the use of coal-cutting machines had shown that coal could be got by them at less cost than by manual labor, and there was no doubt that, owing to the high price of coal, their use would become more general, particularly in the case of thin seams and in deep workings. Another consideration to be kept in mind by the management of the collieries of the British Columbia coast districts is the keen competition of cheaply-produced oil, so that the adoption of every possible improvement in working that will reduce the cost of production has become a necessity. The experiment of introducing the coal-cutting machines into the Nanaimo coal mines is a step in the right direction, and it will be of substantial benefit to the island coal-mining industry.

### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

AS TO TITLES.  
Sir—His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury being a K. C. V. O., Knight Commander of the Victorian Order, the King's own special order, who is it that every newspaper mentions him as Randall instead of Sir Randall, and more inexplicable still, use Mrs. Davidson in place of Lady Davidson? What is the reason for this? As unless there is a particular rule barring clergymen's wives from using titles, I never read of or heard of, Lady Davidson she is, certainly not Mrs. Davidson.

### THE ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY.

Sir—The Victoria Orchestral Society commenced its second season with a well attended rehearsal on Thursday evening. Although the players face a new conductor, the personnel of the orchestra remains almost unchanged, and a continuation of the successful work of last season is confidently looked for. Among the plans of the society is one to place the organization on a permanent basis. The method of selling tickets for the next season's concert was a temporary expedient. The committee is now making an earnest effort to take a permanent place among the city's concerting organizations by following the Arion Club's plan of enrolling associate members. In a circular letter dated September 1, the plan is briefly outlined. A minimum of two concerts is promised for each season. Season tickets are offered at two dollars each, with material reduction to those taking two or more tickets.

### PEOPLE'S RAILWAY.

The construction of the new transcontinental railway is an assured fact, and a change of government follows the Dominion election or not. Such an undertaking is embraced in the policies of both political parties. The only difference between the scheme as proposed by the Laurier administration and that which will be carried into effect by the Conservatives is a matter of time. As the St. John Sun points out, Mr. Borden's government will not pay seven-eighths of the cost of 3,000 miles of railway and then hand over the whole property to a group of promoters who have carefully avoided the expenditure of a cent of their own money. He does not propose that the country shall pay for the railway and that the Grand Trunk, Senator Cox and Premier Paré shall own and operate it. The transcontinental railway built under the Borden regime and paid for by the people of Canada, will belong to the people of Canada. If the Liberal Conservatives win the coming elections the people of Canada will say what rates shall be charged for freight on this railway. It will be for the people to say whether Canadians shall be driven from the service of the road to make room for foreigners. They will determine whether the railway is to be worked to Portland or to a Canadian port as a winter terminus. There will be no appointing of a commissioner and appealing to an alien law in order to get a chance for the employment of competent Canadians. It will not be necessary to go to law in order to make the railway management forward goods by Canadian routes. There will be no begging Mr. Hays as a personal favor not to take all the traffic to Portland.

The Borden programme will make the new transcontinental the people's road, and not the promoters' road. It will belong to the shareholders who pay for the road, and not to those who pay for the elections.

### VISIT OF THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

It is fitting that recognition should be made of the visit to Canada of the Archbishop of Canterbury, the greatest dignitary of the Anglican body. Aside from considerations of creed, Canadians and Americans can unite in extending to His Grace a hearty welcome because, apart from his high office, the Archbishop represents a principle, a desire, an aspiration, which is cherished by Christians the world over. That the various sects of the Christian Church should be united and welded into one powerful force for the elevation of humanity and the dissemination of good, is one of the great churchman's ambitions, and one who comes to the people with such a worthy ideal in his life's work cannot receive a too cordial reception from the people of this continent.

### THE VICTORIA ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY.

The second season of the Victoria Orchestral Society has just been commenced under favorable circumstances. A well-attended rehearsal was held on Thursday evening and the society is planning to place the organization on a permanent basis. Such an enterprise is certainly worthy of every encouragement and will no doubt meet with the success it deserves. In a circular letter dated September 1, the plans of the organization are briefly stated. A minimum of two concerts for each season is promised, the price of tickets being fixed at two dollars each, with material reductions to those taking two or more. There is certainly a need for such a society in Victoria. Its field of activity does not encroach upon that of any other organization. Its rehearsals give a much needed opportunity for ensemble playing to its amateur members, and at the same time lend a stimulus to private study. Its concerts, especially if the plans of its promoters materialize, will have a genuine educational value in the realm of music.

### FROM THE BRITISH COLONIST 1859.

Saturday, Sept. 10.  
Why does not the House of Assembly appoint a committee to enquire into the expenditure of moneys appropriated by the House? They would probably find out where the money has gone and get sufficient to improve some of the streets.

### THE STEAMER BROTHER JONATHAN.

A project is started in London for mail communication to Australia and Vancouver's Island via Panama, a delegation of merchants and bankers waited on Lord Palmerston July 15 to enforce the importance of the government lending assistance. It is considered doubtful whether it will be subsidized. Nothing definite has been decided upon.

It may not be generally known that the Indian country north of British Columbia is now thrown open to all parties; the exclusive privilege of the H. B. Co. having ceased in May last.

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In three important particulars, and misleading in a fourth.  
The cut shows Birdcage Walk and the proposed extension as forming a continuous straight line; the true plan in the City Hall shows that it is impossible to connect Birdcage Walk and Carr Street except by a very slanting block with an uncomfortable angle at Michigan Street and another at Toronto Street.  
The cut shows the 20-foot discrepancy where the proposed extension runs into Carr Street as being evenly balanced; the true plan shows that Carr Street is 20 feet wider than the proposed extension, and the 20-foot discrepancy for must all come to the west side of the junction.  
The cut places Princess Street and Young Street at equal distances from Birdcage Walk; whereas, in point of fact, while Princess Street is 220 feet away, Young Street is only a little over 80 feet from the proposed extension.  
These, sir, are the three false statements in the Colonist cut.  
The cut is misleading in that it shows Carr Street at its greatest width of 40 feet, and does not show that it narrows to Simon Street to about 33 feet. The only object in producing a cut should be to instruct and to tell the truth. A proposal for a so-called public improvement should surely be able to stand representation in its true light.

### NED BRADDOCK—1755.

Tale Alumni Weekly.  
Said the Sword to the Axe, 'twixt the whacks and the backs:  
"Who's your bold Berserker, clearing for tracks?  
Howling a highway through greenwood and glen,  
Foot-free for cattle and heart-free for men?"  
—Bradcock of Fontenoy, stubborn and grim,  
Carving a cross on the wilderness rim;  
In his own doom building large for the Lord,  
Steep and State!" said the Axe to the Sword.

Said the Blade to the Axe, "And shall some say him nay?  
Never a broadsword to bar him the way?  
Never a bush where a Huron may hide,  
Or the shot of a Shawnee spit red on his side?"  
—Down the long trail, from the fort to the ford,  
Naked and streaked, plunged a moccasined horse;  
Huron and Wyandot, hot for the bout;  
Shawnee and Ottawa, barring him out!

Bedding the ridge, 'twixt a gorge and a gorge,  
Dold to the sky loom the ranks of St. George;  
Bradcock and Fontenoy, belted and horsed,  
For a foe to be struck and a pass to be forced.  
—'Twixt the pit and the crest, 'twixt the rocks and the grass,  
Where the bush hides the foe and the foe holds the pass,  
Beaujeu and Fontenoy, striving again:  
Huron and Wyandot, leering the slain!

Beaujeu, bon camarade! Beaujeu the Gay!  
Beaujeu and Death cast their blades in the fray.  
Never a rifle that spared when they spoke,  
Never a scalp-knife that balked in its stroke.  
Till the red hillocks marked where the standards had danced,  
And the Grenadiers gaped where their sabres had glanced.  
—But Bradcock raged fierce in that storm  
And rallied his "cous" with the flat of his sword!

Said the Sword to the Axe, "Where's your Berserker now?  
Lo! his bones mark a path for a countryman's cow.  
And Beaujeu the Gay? Give him place,  
Right or wrong,  
In your tale of a camp, or your stave of song."  
—But Bradcock of Fontenoy, stubborn and grim,  
Who but he carved a cross on the wilderness rim?  
In his own doom building large for the Lord,  
Steep and State!" said the Axe to the Sword.

### CULLS OF THE CULLS.

The fruit inspector is doing good work in the way of compelling those who send fruit into this market to ship only that which is of the best quality. A couple of weeks since several large lots of fruit were condemned and ordered destroyed on account of imperfections and because it was infected with codlin moths and other pests. The result is that shipments of fruit coming in from the States is of prime quality and free from pests. The shippers in the States have been taught that if they send in stale and pest-infected fruit it will be destroyed, and that they only court the loss of their shipments by sending poor quality fruit here.

In the earlier parts of the year most of the fruits and vegetables used in British Columbia and Washington comes from California, and the quality which arrives here is sometimes pretty bad. San Francisco is the distributing centre for these early products. After the San Francisco demand has been satisfied with the best of the shipments the culls are sent north to Seattle, Tacoma and Portland. Then the best is sold to the consumers in these cities and the culls are shipped to Spokane. The latter city has its pick of the shipments and then the culls are shipped north to Nelson and Rossland.

Christmas term will commence Monday, September 12, at 2:30 p. m. in new residence, three acres, spacious school buildings, extensive recreation grounds, gymnasium, tablet corps organized.  
APPLY TO HEAD MASTER.

### THREE AND FOUR YEARS.

Courses in Mining, Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Mineralogy and Geology, Botany and Public Health.

### St. Aloysius Protectorate.

Quamichan, B.C.  
Home and School for boys under 13 years. Location healthy, gymnasium and adjoining school. Easily reached by E. & N. Railway. Terms moderate. For particulars address Sisters of St. Ann.

### Signor Ernesto Claudio.

Graduate of the Conservatory of Music, Napoli (Italy), has opened a Studio over the Imperial Bank, corner Yates and Government Streets, and will give lessons on the VIOLIN, MANDOLIN and GUITAR.

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A master will be in attendance at the College each Thursday from 2 to 4:30 p. m., to enter pupils and give information.

**IS YOUR CHILD SICK?**  
The two most trying months of the year for babies and young children whose diet consists largely of milk is said to be August and September. Numbers of little ones are now suffering from stomach and bowel troubles, arising from indigestion and consequent inconstipation. The remedy is simplicity itself; discontinue the article of diet that disagrees; call in your physician, who will prescribe medicine to clear the system of the irritating substance. The prescription the doctor gives you needs special care in compounding, and it is just here where the CAREFUL DRUGGIST is needed. Trust the dispensing of that important prescription to us and rest assured that it will be all right—just what the doctor orders and the best in the market. We have over forty years of careful, accurate dispensing to our credit. Don't you think this should have some weight?  
When changing your food supply come to us and let us help you in the selection, or if the doctor has specified the kind, let us supply you. Our stock of Infant and Invalid Food is always fresh, and we have all the popular kind. TELEPHONE 56 IF YOU ARE TOO BUSY TO COME.  
**THOMAS SHOTBOLT**  
PIONEER DRUG STORE.  
50 (fifty-nine) Johnson Street. First store below Government.

**For \$1,100.00**  
\$800.00 cash and balance on terms to suit purchaser, a good 5-room cottage in James Bay, near car line. Rents for \$12.00 per month.  
THIS IS A SNAP, AND MUST BE SOLD TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.  
**THE STUART ROBERTSON COMPANY, LIMITED**  
86 BROAD STREET.

**Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.**  
DEALERS IN  
**General Hardware**  
A FULL LINE OF  
**AMMUNITION FOR SPORTSMEN**  
Telephone 3. Wharf Street, VICTORIA, B. C.

**MISS S. F. SMITH**  
A. T. C. M.  
And Gold Medallist, H. M. Field, Leipzig, Germany.  
Prepares pupils for the Toronto University and Toronto Conservatory Examinations.  
STUDIO:  
57 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

**STR. BOSGOWITZ**  
WILL SAIL FOR  
Northern B.C. Ports, Calling at Bella Coola  
Tuesday, Sept. 13  
8 P.M.  
John Barnsley & Co., Agents.

**EDUCATIONAL COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS**  
The Laurels, Belcher Street  
VICTORIA, B. C.  
Patron and Visitor,  
THE LORD BISHOP OF COLUMBIA.  
Head Master,  
J. W. LAING, ESQ., M. A., OXFORD.  
Rev. C. Ensor Sharp, M.A., Cambridge.  
H. J. S. Mustart, Esq., St. Peter's College, Cambridge.  
R. H. Bates, Esq., B. A., Lennoxville.  
Moderate terms for boarders and day scholars.  
Christmas term will commence Monday, September 12, at 2:30 p. m. in new residence, three acres, spacious school buildings, extensive recreation grounds, gymnasium, tablet corps organized.  
APPLY TO HEAD MASTER.

**Vernon College**  
Visitor—The Lord Bishop of N.W. Minster  
The 2nd Year begins September 19.  
Headmaster: D. C. September 19.  
Rev. A. N. St. John Mildmay, M.A.  
Late Headmaster of Winchester, and Scholar of New College, Oxford.

**Queen's School**  
VANCOUVER, B. C.  
Boarding and Day School.  
Boys prepared for High School, Universities and Commercial Life.  
Principal, R. V. Harvey, M. A. (Cambridge); assisted by G. D. A. Burrow, B. A. (Oxford).  
Michaelmas Term begins September 6. Prospects on Application.

**ST. ANN'S ACADEMY**  
VICTORIA, B. C.  
Resident and Day School for Girls.  
Thorough English Classical and Commercial Courses with German, French and Latin. Music Department on best footing. Education, Physical Culture and Vocal Music under special teachers. Art Department and manual training. The school is thoroughly equipped for the study of the classics. China Painting a specialty. Plain and Ornamental Needlework taught. Complete dressmaking and teaching cutting and fitting. Terms moderate. School reopens September 1. For particulars address Academy.

**MISS R. STODDART**  
A. V. C. M.  
Piano and Theory. Fall term commences September 15, 1904.  
STUDIO:  
3 QUEENS AVENUE

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**PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION**  
—AT—  
**VICTORIA, B.C.**  
Sept. 27, 28, 29, 30 and Oct. 1st '04  
**SPECIAL EXCURSION RATES**  
Large Premiums, Numerous and Valuable Special Prizes. Entries for Exhibits Close September 20, 1904.  
**GRAND LIVE STOCK PARADES**  
One of the Best Markets for Stock in the Province.  
**3 DAYS---HORSE RACING---3 DAYS**  
**AND GRAND SPECTACULAR DISPLAY BY THE ARMY AND NAVY**  
**The Brenton's Thrilling Aerial Bicycle Race**  
They will ride down a steep incline at inconceivable speed; then, like birds on the wing, flying across a great yawning chasm in mid-air to another incline leading to the ground, continuing in their wild race to the finishing line.  
**Miner's Rock Drilling Contest**  
An event of great interest, for large purses. 1st prize, \$250; 2nd, \$100; 3rd, \$50; one down hole, one upper; ten minutes each hole. Post entries. Write for conditions. Sports and Games, Field Gun Competition by the Navy. Physical Drill by the Royal Garrison Artillery. Obstacle Race by the Navy. Amateur B. C. Championship Boxing Events. Tug-of-War for the Players' Challenge Cup, open to Military, Cities and Districts. Tug-of-War for the Helmcken Cup, for Benevolent Societies. Trap-Shooting. Children's Sports.  
**BANDS AND VOCAL CONCERTS**  
Numerous Attractions and Novel Shows: Mechanical City; Ferris Wheels; Malay Wonders, etc., are being arranged for.  
FOR PRIZE LIST AND PARTICULARS WRITE TO THE SECRETARY.  
G. H. BARNARD, Mayor, President. ROBT. H. SWINERTON, Secretary.

**FOR LUMBER, SASH, DOORS**  
and all kinds of Building Material, go to  
**THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY.**  
MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NO. 7 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.  
TEL. 487. 93 JOHN SON ST. TEL. 487.

**SHOTBOLT & HORNE**  
SUCCESSIONS TO WM. ROSIE,  
93 JOHN SON ST.  
**HAY GRAIN FLOUR and FEED.**

**Canadian Bank of Commerce**  
WITH WHICH IS AMALGAMATED  
**The Bank of British Columbia**  
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.  
Paid-up Capital ..... \$ 8,700,000  
Reserve ..... 3,000,000  
Aggregate resources exceeding ..... 83,000,000  
HON. GEO. A. COX, President. B. E. WALKER, General Manager.  
**London Office, 60 Lombard St., E. C.**  
The bank has 100 branches well distributed throughout the Dominion and elsewhere including the following in British Columbia and the Yukon Territory:  
ATLIN GRANBY GREENWOOD NELSON VANCOUVER  
CRANBROOK KAMLOOPS NANAIMO VICTORIA  
DAWSON LADYSMITH WESTMINSTER WHITE HORSE  
FERNIE  
BRANCHES IN THE UNITED STATES  
NEW YORK SAN FRANCISCO PORTLAND SEATTLE SKAGWAY  
Every description of banking business transacted. Letters of credit on any part of the world. Exceptional facilities for handling gold dust.  
**SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT**  
Deposits of one dollar and upwards received and interest paid at current rates.  
**Victoria Branch**  
GEORGE GILLESPIE, Manager.

**ST. ANN'S CONVENT**  
NANAIMO, B. C.  
A Boarding and Day School with department for Orphans. Location healthy, buildings enlarged with modern conveniences. Course of study complete. Competent instructors for piano and needlework. Cutting, fitting and general house management taught. Terms very moderate. For particulars address Sister Superior.

**Queen's School**  
VANCOUVER, B. C.  
Boarding and Day School.  
Boys prepared for High School, Universities and Commercial Life.  
Principal, R. V. Harvey, M. A. (Cambridge); assisted by G. D. A. Burrow, B. A. (Oxford).  
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**Corticelli SPOOL SILK**  
Is the best Sewing Silk made. As Corticelli costs you no more than an inferior quality of silk, why don't you buy it? Always ask for Corticelli and see that you get it.

**Saturday's Bargains**  
TURE LARD, 3-lb. tin ..... 35c.  
"EXCELSIOR" OR SMITH'S EXTRA SCDS, 3-lb. box ..... 20c.  
SOLUBLE COCOA, per lb. .... 25c.  
LARGE EASTERN FRESH EGGS, per doz. .... 25c.  
FINEST MANITOBA CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb. .... 25c.  
SEE OUR WINDOWS.

**THE SAUNDERS GROCERY CO., LTD., THE "WEST END" GROCERY CO., LTD.**  
PHONE 28. 39 AND 41 JOHNSON ST. PHONE 88. 42 GOVERNMENT ST.



## Cascara, Burdock and Celery Tonic

A LIVER AND STOMACH TONIC—Gives  
na Appetite, Purifies the Blood, Cures  
Dyspepsia and Skin Eruptions.

**Cyrus H. Bowes**  
CHEMIST.

38 Government Street, near Yates Street.

## LIME JUICE

WHOLESALE QUALITY

Quart Bottle 25c.

**HALL & CO.**

Dispensing Chemists, Clarence  
Street, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

## BUSINESS LOCALS.

Window Screens, all sizes, at Cheap-  
side.

McClary's Famous Steel Ranges and  
Stoves at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates  
street.

**FOTOGRAFS.**

A new display of Pictures is being  
exhibited at Savannah's entrance, Five  
Sisters' block.

Four-ply Rubber Hose at Cheap-  
side.

Lawn Mowers and Lawn Sprinklers at  
Cheapside.

New View Book of Victoria; price  
75c. T. N. Hibben & Co.

## ELEY AND WINCHESTER AMMUNITION

The Standard Makes of the  
Old and New World

To be Had at  
**JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.,**  
115 Gov't St.

## FOR YOUR

Doctor's Prescriptions,  
Pure Monstert Lime Juice,  
Finest Toilet Articles,  
Standard Medicals, etc., etc.,  
GO TO THE

**B. C. Drug Store**

27 Johnson St., near Store St.  
Phone 555. J. TEAGUE, JR.

## Choicest Oriental Crockery Dainty Silks

Beautiful Artificial Flowers, Unique  
Curtains and Ivory Carvings, Ebony Chairs  
and Travelling Baskets.

**POOK LONG,**  
42 Fisguard St.

From the Rockies to the Capital; one  
of the best books yet published illustrating  
the beautiful scenery along the line  
of the C. P. R. in Victoria. Price, 75c.  
T. N. Hibben & Co.

Jewish New Year Cards, Victoria  
Book and Stationery Co., Limited.

## Seeing Victoria

The popular Tally-Ho Coach leaves the  
Tourist Association Rooms and Hotel  
every afternoon at 2 o'clock. Tourists  
will find it the most enjoyable way to  
see the most picturesque portions of the  
city and environs. Take your camera  
along and secure charming views of gar-  
dens, fields, sea and snow-capped moun-  
tains.

To reserve seats telephone 129.

**VICTORIA TRANSFER CO.,**  
LIMITED.

10, 21, 23 Broughton St.

## To Property Owners

During the past three months  
we have sold so many of the prop-  
erties listed with us we find it  
necessary to issue a new price list.  
We shall go to press

**October 1st**

And will be pleased to include  
your property.

NO SALE, NO CHARGE.

Money to Loan—  
Fire Insurance Written.  
Stores and Dwellings to Let.

**P. R. Brown, Ltd**

PHONE 1076. 30 BROAD ST.

Dean & Hisecks, the reliable Drug-  
gists, corner Yates and Broad streets.

Souvenir Postal Cards in great  
variety, in colors and also in black  
and white. T. N. Hibben & Co.

Easy to make ice cream or any treat  
with the Lightning Freezer. Ever have  
to churn the freezer for mother? Aw-  
ful hard job with the old kind. Even  
the resulting ice cream was hardly suf-  
ficient reward for the labor. Not so  
with the Lightning. It is actually fun  
to make that freezer do its work. All  
sizes from \$2.75 at Weller Bros.,  
Government Street, Victoria.

## EVERY MAN

Should Call and See the

**WORSTEDS AND  
SCOTCH TWEED  
SUITINGS**

From the CELEBRATED EN-  
GLISH AND SCOTCH MILLS.  
These goods are in  
fashion and are made in first-class  
order.

All our goods are exclusive.

**PEDEN'S**

36 Fort St. Merchant Tailor.

## Hunting Knives Sporting Knives

Every Kind of Knife at

**FOX'S---78 GOV'T. ST.**

## Money to Loan

AT LOWEST RATES

## Heisterman & Co.

## Local News.

Successful Sportsmen.—Word was re-  
ceived yesterday from E. C. Smith, as-  
sistant city treasurer, who with a party  
of friends is at Saturna island, that the  
sport is excellent, game of all classes be-  
ing abundant. Mr. Smith forwarded to  
many friends just the sort of contribu-  
tions to demonstrate that what rumor  
has said in this connection is true.

Many Salmon.—A remarkable run of  
salmon is reported by Capt. Cutler, of  
the tug Lorne, who came in from Cape  
Flattery on Wednesday. Near the island  
shore the fish were so plentiful that  
they could hardly be scooped up by the  
handful with little difficulty. The  
run is one of the biggest that has been  
seen on the coast this year, but un-  
fortunately is too late for commercial  
purposes.

The Fall Fair.—Secretary Swinerton  
and the members of the executive com-  
mittee are busy perfecting arrange-  
ments looking to the success of the ap-  
proaching fall fair. C. C. Gannib, pub-  
lic works' engineer, has written  
promising that the various roads lead-  
ing from the city limits shall be put  
in a thorough state of repair, so as to  
bring their stock to the exhibition  
buildings.

Hotel Work.—President Fowler, of the  
Puget Sound Bridge and Dredging Com-  
pany will arrive in the city today to  
make arrangements for an early com-  
mencement of work on the C. P. R.  
hotel foundations. The job will be  
rushed night and day to completion. The  
plans for the structure, prepared by  
P. M. Rattenbury, have been ap-  
proved at the C. P. R. headquarters,  
and as already announced in the Colon-  
ist, it is expected within a fortnight  
tenders will be called for this work.

Driard Redivivus.—The Driard hotel  
is once again in running order, the  
various repairs and improvements re-  
quired necessary by the recent fire hav-  
ing been completed. The basement has  
been refitted with a new heating  
plant installed, as also the electric sys-  
tem. The new dining room is capable  
of seating over 200 guests and the  
kitchen, office and lounging rooms have  
been thoroughly overhauled. Mr. Harri-  
son is deeply grateful to the many citi-  
zens who were so kind to him during  
his trouble, consequent on the fire.

Historian's Visit.—A visitor to the  
city yesterday, having just returned  
from a trip to Eastern Canada, was  
Rev. Father A. G. Morice, O. M. I., a  
pioneer missionary of British Colum-  
bia. He had been completing arrange-  
ments for the publishing of a histor-  
ical work on the northern interior of  
British Columbia. His work on the  
language of the northern interior, when  
completed, will, he says, surprise the philo-  
logical world. Father Morice went  
here to Mission City, where he will  
remain for a time before returning to  
Stuart lake. Some of his interesting  
experiences in that country were men-  
tioned shortly after his arrival here a  
few years ago.

J. Elliott Dead.—The death occurred  
at New Westminster on September 8  
of Jonathan Elliott, a pioneer of 1851,  
who for 30 years was in the service of  
Sir James Douglas as gardener and  
coachman. Deceased came to Victoria  
on the Hudson's Bay ship Tory, com-  
manded by the late Robert Porter, R.  
F. J. H. Warr, W. H. Warr and other  
prominent local citizens. For a number  
of years deceased had charge of the  
Douglas Gardens. He leaves one son,  
J. Elliott, and a stepson, A. C.  
Trinor, also three stepdaughters, Mrs.  
Gannon, of Dawson; Mrs. Frederickson,  
of Vancouver; and Mrs. Murphy, of Se-  
attle. The remains were brought to  
Victoria and the funeral will take place  
tomorrow.

Bridge Souvenir.—The Canada Ga-  
zette, published in London, has the fol-  
lowing regarding the New Westminster  
bridge opening: "We have received  
from the agent-general for British  
Columbia a handsome souvenir of the  
opening of the new bridge at New  
Westminster, over the Fraser river, on  
July 25, by the Lieut.-Governor of the  
province, Hon. J. H. Warr, and other  
prominent local citizens. For a number  
of years deceased had charge of the  
Douglas Gardens. He leaves one son,  
J. Elliott, and a stepson, A. C.  
Trinor, also three stepdaughters, Mrs.  
Gannon, of Dawson; Mrs. Frederickson,  
of Vancouver; and Mrs. Murphy, of Se-  
attle. The remains were brought to  
Victoria and the funeral will take place  
tomorrow.

Wedding Anniversary.—The Kam-  
loops Sentinel has the following regard-  
ing wedding anniversary services of a  
couple of former Victorians: "A very  
happy incident occurred in the Mead-  
ell parish on Monday evening, this  
being the anniversary of the wedding  
of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Osterhout. About  
half-past nine a large number of the  
League of Ladies' Aid and the con-  
gregation surprised the unsuspecting in-  
mates of the parsonage by filing in  
well laden with tinware of every de-  
scription, a perfect 'kitchen shower'.  
The evening was spent informally with  
music and speeches, the doctor narrating  
some interesting reminiscences of their  
early married life and experience among  
the aborigines of the far north, conclud-  
ing with a story of the killing of a bear  
in which the missionary himself  
participated. The party, among other  
things, had thoughtfully provided a gen-  
erous supply of fruit, which was then  
distributed."

The Terminal Railway's list of week-  
end excursion points includes Vancou-  
ver and Westminster at \$2.00 for the  
round trip and Port Guichon (Ladners)  
at \$1. The latter should prove exceed-  
ingly popular as the trip among the  
Gulf Islands and up the Fraser river  
is a delightful one.

Jewish New Year Cards, Victoria  
Book and Stationery Co., Limited.

Single, Unmounted Views of C. P. R.  
and Victoria; size 6x8. Price, only  
10c each. T. N. Hibben & Co.

High School Books, Victoria Book and  
Stationery Co., Limited.

For a comfortable daylight trip to  
Vancouver or Westminster, try the Ter-  
minal Railway, at 7 a.m. daily.

Victoria News Co., 80 Yates street,  
Circulating Library, 50 cents per month.

Advices just to hand show great re-  
ductions in Atlantic steamship rates. H.  
H. Abbott, agent C. P. R. Co., will  
tell you all about it. Call on him at 86  
Government street.

## Sheriff's Sale.—On Thursday afternoon

Sheriff Richards held a successful auc-  
tion sale of the furniture and other  
effects of No. 8 Broughton street.

White Pass Railway.—From London  
exchanges just to hand it is learned  
that the receipts of the White Pass &  
Yukon railway for the week ended Aug-  
ust 14th were \$75,541.

Christian Endeavor.—The Young Peo-  
ple's Society of Christian Endeavor of  
St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria,  
will hold its regular monthly busi-  
ness meeting at the church at 7:30  
this evening. All members are urgent-  
ly requested to be present.

Visiting Pastor.—Rev. A. E. M.  
Thompson, M. A., of Berlin, Ont., and  
Mr. J. Thomson of Goderich, are in the  
city and are guests at the Centennial  
Methodist parsonage. Rev. Mr. Thomp-  
son will speak in the Centennial church  
Sunday evening.

Yukon Mail Service.—The post office  
department issued an order yesterday  
stating that the regular mail service re-  
garding the mail service goes into effect  
in the Yukon, north of White Horse, on  
October 1st. The last boat for the  
north, conveying all classes of mail mat-  
ter, leaves British Columbia coast ports  
on October 1st.

A Hospital Want.—Visitors to the  
Marine hospital on the Indian Reserve  
have noticed that an old man, who is  
at present an inmate of that institution,  
is badly in need of the comforts of an  
invalid's chair, and they are hopeful  
that some who may see this item will  
take pity on the old sailor and provide  
him with the means of enjoying outdoor  
seascenery.

Penian Raid Veterans.—The numer-  
ous local residents, veterans of the Pe-  
nian raid will be interested in learning  
that the Hon. B. J. Davis, commissioner  
of crown lands in Ontario, has made the  
announcement that the time for veter-  
ans to locate their land grants will be  
extended indefinitely. The time fixed  
was November 1st, but owing to the few  
who have located the time will be ex-  
tended. Over 11,300 men were given  
land grants of 100 acres, and less than  
20 per cent have chosen locations. Just  
how many veterans disposed of their  
certificates to land speculators has not  
been ascertained, but the number is said  
to be large.

To Visit Banfield.—Quite the most no-  
table visitor to Victoria during the year  
1904 will be Sir Sanford Fleming, whose  
departure from Ottawa was mentioned  
in the Colonist's Ottawa despatches, and  
who in a few days will arrive here en  
route to Banfield, where he will be  
the British Columbia coast of the Pa-  
cific cable. Sir Sanford, who may be  
accurately termed the father of the  
scheme, has been appointed representa-  
tive of the New Zealand government at  
the cable conference to be held in Lon-  
don in October next. There are a great  
many questions that he wishes to ask  
the New Zealand government, hence his  
visit to Banfield, where he will be in  
direct touch with the cable.

Big Bag Shipment.—Messrs Hibben &  
Co. yesterday received the largest con-  
signment of bags ever brought into the  
province by bag firm. It came from the  
Continental Bag Company of Rumford  
Falls, Mass., for which firm Messrs.  
Hibben & Co. are the British Columbia  
agents, and it consisted of no fewer than  
1,800,000 bags. A former shipment  
Messrs. Hibben & Co. received a ship-  
ment numbering one million bags. The  
output of the Continental Bag Company  
reaches the enormous total of twenty  
millions a day. The company manufac-  
ture nothing but bags, and their product  
is put up in a manner that ensures it a  
ready market. Although the shipment  
contains such a vast number of bags, it  
is not nearly so bulky as might be ex-  
pected.

"A word to the wise is  
enough," and unless it is a  
wise word it is too much.  
Your word it will carry  
your "word to the wise"  
if you place it in the paper  
which the wise read.

Prefontaine Talks.—Hon. Raymond  
Prefontaine, minister of marine and  
fisheries, and party, arrived in Toronto  
on Friday last on their return from the  
Pacific coast. Hon. Mr. Prefontaine,  
mayor of Toronto, and other mem-  
bers of the British Columbia salmon peo-  
ple satisfied with the new regulations, put-  
ting them on the same basis with Ameri-  
can canners in the use of trap nets. He  
stated that before agreeing to the regu-  
lance, he would like to know some-  
thing about what the United States can-  
nery wanted. If "international" hatch-  
eries were to be established at the mouth  
of the Fraser river they would be in  
Canadian territory, and therefore hard-  
ly international. Mr. Prefontaine, how-  
ever, sees an opportunity for coming to  
an agreement for the imposition of com-  
mon trap net regulations and the estab-  
lishment of a close season.

Capt. Christiansen Married.—The  
many friends of Capt. A. Christiansen,  
a Victoria boy, will be interested in  
learning of his marriage in Vancouver  
on Thursday evening. The News-Ad-  
vertiser has the following account of the  
wedding: "Captain A. Christiansen, the  
well-known master of the steamer Zee,  
and Miss Anna Lee, of Van And, were  
married last night at the Metro-  
pol hotel, the Rev. George A. Wilson  
officiating. The bride was attended by  
her young sister, Miss Muriel Lee, and  
the groom was supported by Mr. J. H.  
Gray. Mr. Lee, the father of the bride,  
came down from Van And to be pre-  
sent at the ceremony, which took place  
in the presence of a few immediate  
friends. Captain and Mrs. Christiansen  
have left on a short honeymoon tour to  
Victoria and the Island cities after  
which they will take up their residence  
in Vancouver."

A Bridge Story.—The New Westmin-  
ster correspondent of the Vancouver  
Lander and the Advertiser sends the fol-  
lowing: "A report was current in the  
city yesterday that another railroad  
bridge was likely to be built over the  
Fraser at a point just below Douglas  
island, which would give it a direct  
route to the city. The way the street talker  
had the story was that the Great North-  
ern could not make suitable terms for  
the use of the Westminster bridge and  
that the company had decided to build  
a bridge which would not only give it en-  
trance to Vancouver by a direct route, but  
would also tap a new agricultural coun-  
try between this city and Comox. Just  
how much of the story or how much  
is not known here, but it is known  
that the Great Northern interests  
are now taking steps to secure a  
large block of land at South Westmin-  
ster for yard purposes, so it is hardly  
likely that it contemplates a bridge near  
Douglas island."

Yorkshire Guarantee.—The report of  
the Yorkshire Guarantee & Securities  
Corporation, Ltd., for the year ended  
30th June last, was submitted to a  
meeting on the 30th inst., states that the  
directors have continued the realiza-  
tion of properties in possession and the col-  
lection of loans in districts from which  
they have not been withdrawn, with the  
result that £20,000 has been realized  
to England. With the proceeds  
thereof and of other funds the liabil-  
ities of the corporation have been re-  
duced to the £28,000. £20 short of the  
original amount drawn from the pay-  
ing teller's window, but from no fault  
of either of the tellers. At the desk  
where our friend had counted the money  
a \$20 bill lying in plain sight, he  
had not noticed it when he picked up  
his money, and consequently he jumped  
to the conclusion that he had been 'short  
changed,' and he came to me with all  
sorts of charges against the paying tel-  
ler. After he had exhausted his wrath

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Telephone 162. P. O. Box 238.

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Shingles, Mouldings, Etc., of the Best Quality,  
Seasoned and Kiln Dried Flooring and Finishing Lumber always in Stock.

For Scandinavians.—At the W. C. T. U.  
mission hall, Johnson street, tomorrow  
afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, Mrs. J. H.  
Smith, of Vancouver, organizer of the  
work amongst foreigners, will ad-  
dress a meeting of Scandinavians in  
their own language. Mrs. Smith has se-  
cured addresses in many of the Luther-  
an churches in the Northwest, notably  
North Dakota and Washington.

Rock Bay Bridge.—A number of nec-  
essary repairs have just been made to  
Rock Bay bridge, to permit of that  
structure being used for vehicular and  
passenger traffic until the new roadway  
over the northern end of the bay has  
been completed. While this latter  
work is now in shape for use by the  
tramway company, it is not anticipated  
that it will be available for general  
use until next season, when the filling-  
in process has been completed.

B. C. Grown Grapes.—A Vancouver  
firm of wholesale fruit dealers have just  
received a shipment of peaches and  
grapes from the New Zealand coast, the  
well-known fruit grower of Lytton.  
Mr. Earl is one of the pioneer fruit  
growers of British Columbia, and has  
earned a well deserved reputation for  
the fruit he grows. The peaches are  
of the Elberta variety, and are with-  
out doubt the finest, as regards size,  
flavor and coloring ever seen in Van-  
couver, says the News-Advertiser. In  
fact, a well known Washington fruit  
man, when he saw the peaches remark-  
ed that if British Columbia could grow  
such peaches it would be no use of  
Washington or Oregon trying to com-  
pete.

Hebrew New Year.—Last evening saw  
the ushering in of the Hebrew New  
Year, its coming being mentioned in the  
Colonist of recent issues. At 7:30 yester-  
day evening services were held at the  
synagogue, corner of Blanchard street  
and Pandora avenue, and this morning  
at 8 o'clock another service will be held.  
An interesting feature of the Jewish ob-  
servation of New Year's day is the ob-  
servance of the fast of the day of atonement,  
giving two days to the celebra-  
tion. This two days' observance of  
a single day of festival dates back to the  
earliest period of Jewish history. The  
fast, in those days time was of small  
value, and so long as the seasons  
brought sowing time and harvest the  
procession of the days marched by unnot-  
iced.

School books, full list, Victoria Book  
and Stationery Co., Limited.

## THE WHITE HOUSE

Our Display  
OF  
FALL  
MILLINERY  
AND  
NOVELTIES

Takes place on Tues-  
day and Wednesday,  
Sept. 13th and 14th.  
Remember the date.

Henry Young & Co.

WHY BANKERS DO NOT TALK.

They Have Not Much to Say Nor Time  
For Words.

"You never heard a banker talk in  
your life," said Wilson S. Webb, cash-  
ier of the Missouri Savings Bank, yes-  
terday afternoon. The thermometer was  
soaring up toward the nineties and Mr.  
Webb was making every effort to keep  
cool, but even with the aid of an elec-  
tric fan he was succeeding only mod-  
erately well, says the Kansas City  
Journal.

"They don't have time to talk, and  
even if they did they don't know how.  
I am speaking of the average banker,  
for, of course, there are exceptions to  
every rule; but, as a matter of fact, I  
never heard of a banker who made a  
success of speaking or talking for pub-  
lication. They usually prefer to sit and  
listen to what is said about them, and  
when that person is through they will  
often make some comment that may or  
may not amount to anything. I can't  
say why they are usually so disposed,  
but it is a fact, nevertheless.

"They are usually an easy going,  
never-get-anxious sort, too. And yet they  
have every reason to be angry and dis-  
gusted at times. Why, only this after-  
noon a man came in here and made a  
lot of money. He had a matter of a  
few hundred dollars in the bank, and  
for what reason I can't imagine, he  
drew it out at the paying teller's win-  
dow, and after counting it over once or  
twice, deposited it again at the pay-  
ing teller's window. The receiving tel-  
ler counted the money carefully and handed  
the man a receipt for his money. Then  
there was trouble brewing.

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splendid stock of brushes, mirrors, photo  
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sterling silver, from among which a suit-  
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The prices are such as to place them  
within reach of all, ranging from the sil-  
ver thimble at 25 cents to the tea service  
at \$100.00.

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and examine our stock, and let us show  
you the advantages we can offer you.

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Century Cameras, Non-Curling  
Film.

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52 Government Street.

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To Close An Estate.

Tenders will be received up to and in-  
cluding the 12th day of September, 1904,  
for the purchase of lot 400, Victoria City  
upon which is a commodious ten-room  
house, known as Holbrook House, 107 Pan-  
dora Street.

The highest or any tender not nec-  
essarily accepted. Terms easy.

For particulars apply to  
C. F. BEAVEN, Executor.  
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10. The following information was obtained from the records of the Department of Health and Human Services:



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We Have Just Installed a new Machine for making this Feed.  
Once Rolled 100 lbs. are equal to 150 lbs whole grain. Try Some  
**The Sylvester Feed Co.,** 87-89 YATES STREET  
FREE DELIVERY. Tel. 413.

## The Olivebank Etiquette Case

Captain Henderson Gives His  
Side of the Interesting  
Story.  
First Officer Hays Was at No  
Time Under Any Com-  
pulsion.

Captain Henderson, of the Glasgow ship Olivebank, now loading lumber at Chemainus for Cape Town, informed the Colonist yesterday that there were one or two points in the report from the Colonist's Nanaimo correspondent published yesterday morning, regarding the case tried at Chemainus, wherein First Officer J. C. Hays of the Olivebank was charged with and convicted of refusing duty, that required explanation and correction.

Captain Henderson says that the report that Hays insisted upon sitting at the captain's table is absurd, because Hays never sat anywhere else at the meals. Captain Henderson did not tell Hays that "he could either eat with the second mate or in the galley." What he did say was that Hays could eat where he chose, if he did not wish to eat at the captain's table. There was absolutely no prohibition of any kind put upon Hays as to where he should eat or with whom he should eat.

Captain Henderson also contradicted the report where it says that Hays had remarked that he would rather travel with iron on that eat with the second mate. The fact of the matter is that the trouble arose over something quite different from the cause assigned in the report. Both the first and the second mates always took their meals with the captain and his wife, except breakfast, which was served for the two officers at half-past six a. m., and continued to do so until a short time ago when there was a slight change of duty to meet the requirements of the ship in port. This, however, had nothing whatever to do with the question of sea etiquette, or with any difference between the first and second mates.

The Olivebank will probably complete loading at Chemainus about the 25th of September.

### MARINE WAR RISKS.

Marine war risks on Oriental ship-ments have been reduced during the last few days, and are now down nearly to their normal level, 3 per cent on neutrals and 1/2 per cent on Japanese bottoms, says the Post-Intelligencer of yesterday. One firm is quoting as low as 1/4 of 1 per cent on neutrals, and have reduced their quotation from 3/4 of 1 per cent, which they were charging the first of the week.

"War risks may be said to have dropped to their normal standard," explained Mr. Bwing, of Calhoun, Levey & Bwing, yesterday. "Rates have been materially reduced since the first of the week, and we are now writing all of the business that we can get. It is generally conceded that the danger of interference from the Russian vessels ceased with the crushing defeat of the Port Arthur squadron in its recent foray."

"There is considerable new business

in this line since that date, for exports have picked up again, and the improvement is marked in the increasing amount of business written by our firm."

Statements very similar to this were made by the local representatives of other companies operating the Oriental export insurance field. Burns & Atkinson's rate superintendent explained that it was highly improbable that rates would go any lower than they now are.

### BARKENTINE ALTA FINED.

Port Townsend, Sept. 9.—The barkentine Alta, which arrived yesterday from Port Natal, South Africa, via Honolulu, where she put in short of provisions, is the same vessel that was taxed \$1.00 a ton last year when she appeared in this port without a register. The fine amounted to \$1,366.34. The Alta was fined today for the same offence and assessed the same amount as last year. A customs officer is now aboard the craft in this harbor, the vessel having been seized in the absence of payment of the fine. The vessel is even in worse shape than last year, from the fact that she had at that time a Philippine coasting license, which has now expired. Last year the vessel gave bonds and appeared in Judge Hanford's court, where the vessel was a British bottom and only entitled to pay six cents a ton tax. From this decision an appeal was taken to the department, which appeal is now pending.

The customs authorities claim that it makes no difference if the vessel is a British bottom; that the fine was assessed for not having a register, and is in compliance with the statutes, which give authority to fine a vessel not having a register, no matter of what nationality.

### MARINE NOTES

Steamer Forager came over from Tacoma yesterday, with a load of freight. Steamer Machona of the Blue Funnel line will be due tonight from Liverpool. R. M. S. Empress of India will be due here next Tuesday.

Steamer T. L. Card arrived at the outer wharf yesterday afternoon from Vancouver with freight.

The British ships Enghorn and Blythwood are at anchor in Royal Roads. The Blythwood, as remarked in yesterday's Colonist, is one of the fastest sailers that visit this coast, and has made some records that will be hard to break.

Steamer Hyades of the Boston Steamship Company is expected to arrive here early next week from the Oriental ports with a general cargo.

Steamer Queen arrived last night from San Francisco with many passengers. She passed on to the Sound before midnight.

### STUBBORN SKIN DISEASES.

Nothing is more discouraging than a case of eczema, or other skin disease, which refuses to heal. By using Dr. Chase's Ointment, however, you soon see that new skin is forming and the sore part is becoming smaller and smaller. The itching is entirely overcome after a few applications, and you are given satisfactory evidence that a continuation of the treatment will bring a thorough cure.

### EARLY HISTORY OF COFFEE.

The use of coffee beans was first known to the Abyssinians, but the employment of coffee as a beverage was first recorded in the fifteenth century. Two varieties of "gahum" were known. One was a preparation from the shells of the seeds, which was known as "gicharyat," and one from the seeds proper, which was known as "bounnyat."

## Imperial Hotel

### Robbery Case

Trial Before Magistrate Hall Has  
Commenced—Important  
Legal Points.

The List of Articles Said to Be  
Missing—Adjournment  
to This Morning.

The charge of theft of a number of articles from the Imperial hotel laid against J. J. Schmidt and W. Ayres, came to trial in the Police court yesterday, after a number of adjournments. The hearing commenced in the morning. Mr. Frank Higgins, for the prosecution, asked leave to amend the information in respect of the list of articles alleged to have been stolen. He said that the list in the information had been made up from the first examination of the premises made by Mr. Hardacre and his assistants on September 1, and that further examination of the articles in the hotel had shown some of the things alleged to be missing to be in the hotel, while other articles not included in the list given in the information had been found to be missing.

Mr. Powell, who appears with Mr. Courtney for the defence, objected to this being allowed. On the information before the court certain articles were alleged to have been stolen, and in respect to that information the accused had elected to be tried by this court. An admission also had been made by the accused in respect to that information, and it could not be fair to amend the information to include other articles in the position of having elected on one set of accusations and having to be tried on another set. If the prosecution desired, the present case could be proceeded with and afterwards another information laid in respect of the additional articles now alleged to have been stolen. For instance, he argued, it might occur that the prosecution had discovered some of the missing articles in the possession of the accused. That would change the aspect of the case and the accused might prefer to be tried by a jury under the changed circumstances.

Mr. Higgins thought that he was justified in asking for leave to amend. The charge of theft from the hotel was the important part of the information and the actual articles alleged to have been stolen were immaterial to the case. He did not propose to alter the charge itself.

Mr. Powell said that the alteration asked for by Mr. Higgins might seriously prejudice his case, and he thought that application ought not to be granted.

Magistrate Hall said this was a point he had not expected to be raised. It had always appeared to him that it was quite in order to make any amendment of the proper kind at any time. He was not prepared to refuse to grant the application, but he would refer to a case where the evidence, or a big part of it, was already in. The question was at what stage an amendment of the kind could be made. There was force in Mr. Powell's objection, and he would elect to be tried by him on certain charges and that now the prosecution wanted to add new items to the list of articles alleged to have been stolen, in respect of which the accused might prefer to be tried by a jury.

Mr. Higgins asked for an adjournment till the afternoon to allow him an opportunity of looking into the authorities to the subject.

Magistrate Hall granted the adjournment, remarking that he did not believe that Mr. Higgins would find anything to alter his opinion on the subject.

The magistrate's prediction apparently was verified, for on the court resuming at 2:30 p. m. Mr. Higgins abruptly stated that he would go on with the original information, and called his witness, Harry Spedding, an employee of Mr. Hardacre.

Considerable time was occupied in the cross-examination of this witness, an important point in the case being that the accused had been seen to carry away certain items, and whether the terms have two distinct meanings. Certain white linen table cloths and napkins, marked "Imperial Hotel," were found in the possession of the accused in Tacoma, and the question is whether or not these table cloths are meant to be described in the information as "linen table cloths."

Otherwise, according to the magistrate's ruling, the cloths produced cannot be used as evidence against the accused in the present action. There are no napkins at the hotel in the city. As will be seen, this point became involved in considerable darkness.

Harry Spedding deposed that, on September 1, he went through the hotel with Mr. Hardacre, and that he saw certain articles were there and what were missing. He had been to the hotel twice since then in order to check up the lists made on the first occasion. He had a copy of the original list of articles in the hotel at the time Schmidt took over the place. He produced and put in a copy of the list of missing articles he had compiled after his last investigation at the hotel on Thursday last. The articles on this list were as follows: One wardrobe, 1 bedstead, 7 chairs, 2 towel racks, 23 spoons, 45 knives, 2 pairs of blankets, 14 feather pillows, 22 table covers, 12 towels, 11 napkins, 2 pairs of lace curtains, 20 sheets, 28 forks, 2 troying pans, 1 bake can, 2 stew pans, 7 jugs, 11 plates, 1 umbrella stand.

The item of napkins was objected to by Mr. Powell, on the ground that it is not contained in the list in the information.

Cross-examined by Mr. Powell, the witness said that the list put in had been compiled by him on Thursday last. Mr. Dyke was with him at the hotel. He had gone through the hotel on the previous Monday with the accused, Schmidt. On the occasion of the examination of the hotel on Thursday last, Mr. Hardacre and he had gone through the rooms together and made lists of the "unders and overs" in each room. Each room should have so many articles in it, and so they made the list. They went through the hotel and made the list of the articles missing had been fairly accurate, although there had been some errors, since checked.

Errors had occurred in two rooms principally. He discovered these errors on last Thursday. The mistake had been that two beds in the house had been entered as missing and that only one wardrobe, and two were short. He had not seen another bed in the room known as the theatre room. If there was one there, the number of beds in the house would be complete. There also was a mistake in respect of the pillows. Schmidt showed two missing, while his new list showed 14 short. He had found 20 additional sheets, which reduced the number stated to be missing in Hardacre's list from 40 to 20. In his list the 22 table covers missing included both table covers and cloths, that is, the linen cloths used for the dining-room and the covers used for upstairs tables. He was not aware that there was any distinction between covers and cloths used in this connection. Some people used the words to mean two distinct articles and other people did not. In Mr. Hardacre's list, as repeated in the information, there were four table covers mentioned. He did not think that those could be the white linen cloths produced. He did not think Mr. Hardacre had covered these cloths with the words "covers" and "cloths" indiscriminately.

Mr. Higgins objected to any evidence as to Mr. Hardacre's opinion of the meanings of these two words. Mr. Hardacre could give his own evidence.

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HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT.

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Mr. Powell insisted that the witness could give evidence as to the list he had helped to compile with Mr. Hardacre, and drew attention to the number of errors that had been made, suggesting that the chances were that further investigation would be discovered on another investigation.

The witness was rather uncertain as to Mr. Hardacre's meaning in using the word cover, but felt sure that the item of the information did not refer to the linen cloths produced. This cross-examination was not concluded when the court adjourned until this morning.

## A HONEYMOON MOST ROMANTIC

Particulars of the Marriage of  
Miss Maude Goodwin and  
Henry Ohlandt.

The Seattle Times of Wednesday has the following account of the romantic marriage of Miss Maude Goodwin and Mr. Henry Ohlandt.

A runaway marriage between prominent San Francisco society leaders, the brave of stern parentage, the president of the National League of Women, and the escape of the newly made man and wife through Seattle to Tacoma, as the culmination of an interesting courtship between Henry Ohlandt, son of the president of the National League of Women, and Miss Maude Goodwin, a stepdaughter of H. D. Helmcken, a member of the British Columbia parliament, who resided in Victoria. The bride is known in Seattle to society leaders, for she occupied a prominent position in Victoria.

Mrs. Ohlandt, the Miss Goodwin that was, is particularly known in musical circles. She returned from Europe after a short time ago, after having completed a musical course abroad. For the past five months she has resided in San Francisco with her sister, Mrs. A. W. Crowell. Her mother, who accompanied her to Europe, returned to Victoria instead of remaining with her daughter in San Francisco.

It was the opposition of Ohlandt's parents that caused the elopement. When he broached the subject after the engagement between the two had been agreed upon, his parents, who are San Francisco capitalists and ice dealer, forbade the marriage. So far as the young man could learn there was no strong opposition other than the disposition to do some choosing on his own account.

Strategy won the day, and won for Henry Ohlandt his bride. He confided to his parents a desire to visit his brother-in-law, who is now in Seattle. The idea was most satisfactory to Nicholas Ohlandt, for he believed that a trip to Alaska would result in an ending of the engagement. He accordingly gave his consent, and even urged the young man to go north.

It may have been a mere coincidence, or it may have been the result of a clever plan, but Miss Goodwin decided to go north at the same time. This was a bit of news that she neglected to communicate to her parents. Apparently Mr. Ohlandt arrived at the Southern Pacific depot he found Miss Goodwin there. Nothing was more natural than that he should have been so late for a reason for abandoning his trip, and the two came north together.

When the runaway couple reached Portland Henry Ohlandt found a friend, J. H. Plagemann, who knew how marital matters were arranged, and he secured a license that permitted Mr. Ohlandt to wed Miss Goodwin. He also induced Judge Webster of the circuit court to perform the ceremony. The jurist took with him his clerk, and Mr. Plagemann found an acquaintance, Mr. Ohlandt, in the presence of these people the marriage was performed in the Portland hotel.

Immediately after the ceremony a telegram was sent to Nicholas Ohlandt at San Francisco telling him what had occurred and begging parental forgiveness. Whether this was given or not does not appear on record. Apparently the young couple was not concerned, for the home trip was carried out as planned.

From Portland the couple came to Seattle. Then they started for Alaska, to make the visit that Henry Ohlandt had planned. They are now nearing Nome, and will spend some time in the mining district before returning to this city. It is planned that the return trip shall be made before navigation is closed.

Maude Goodwin met Mr. Ohlandt while she was studying music under Prof. Xavier Roker in San Francisco. Prior to going to the Bay City she had studied some in Victoria, and had appeared there in amateur productions of the Gelsa and San Toy.

The father of young Ohlandt is president of the National Ice Company, head of the firm of N. Ohlandt & Company, fertilizing works, and a leading capitalist of California. He is one of the most prominent German-American residents of San Francisco. Henry Ohlandt is the second son.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap  
Powder is better than other soap powders.  
It is also acts as a disinfectant.

A VERY GOOD THING TO KNOW.

A sensible girl to her beau  
Uttered this timely word:  
To make things secure,  
My answer will be appropriate.  
—Equitable News.

A Smiling Face

signifies robust health and good digestion. You can always carry a smiling face in spite of care and worry if you keep your liver right and your digestion good by using

**Beecham's**

**Pills**

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 25 cents.

## Prefontaine's Close Season

(Continued from Page One.)

order without the most serious loss. It is believed by many persons in Victoria who are fully aware of all the circumstances that the department will quietly ignore the violations of the order, which are going on every hour of the day, and that the order will pass out of recollection after the 15th of the present month, as if it had never been.

Some even go so far as to say that Hon. Mr. Prefontaine would be glad to recall the order, but that he does not wish to render his department ridiculous. Of two evils he is choosing the lesser, and the fishers keep on fishing. A local Liberal paper quoted Hon. Mr. Prefontaine in his speech before the Board of Trade of Victoria as follows: "I have seen many things since I came to this coast which have made me blush for my department." A wireless telegram from Ottawa night before last is quoted as saying: "Since Hon. Mr. Prefontaine went out to the coast, we have seen and heard many things that have made us blush for Hon. Mr. Prefontaine. (Signed) The Laurier Government."

## Water Glass Egg Preserver

Eggs preserved in WATER GLASS PRESERVER are of as fine flavor as when new laid, when boiled or prepared in any desired way, the season for cheap eggs is near, so ORDER NOW!

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GUELPH AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.  
One tin preserves 8 dozen; price 25c.

**J. L. WHITE, & CO.,**  
DRUGGISTS  
30 and 32 Government St., near P. O.

## W. JONES

DOM. GOVT. AUCTIONEER.

I am instructed to remove to the  
**BIG CHURCH,**  
BROAD AND PANDORA STREETS.

For convenience of sale, a quantity of  
**DESIRABLE FURNITURE**

And Farm Implements

Ext. to be sold by Public Auction on  
Tues. Tuesday, Sept. 13, at 2 p. m. This  
will be a large sale.

Particulars later.

Phone B703. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

## W. JONES

DOM. GOVT. AUCTIONEER.

Is instructed by Mrs. G. Rudlin to sell at  
the City Auction Mart, 55 Broad street, at

**12 o'clock Noon, Saturday,**

**Sept. 24th.**

**Valuable 9-Room**

**House and Large Lot**

Being No. 15 George street. Size of lot,  
40x270 feet. The house is well built on  
stone foundations, fitted with closets, pan-  
tries, cupboards, hot and cold water, elec-  
tric light and sewer connections, out-  
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being \$5,000 to build.

Terms cash.

Phone B703. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

## Wm. T. Hardaker

**THE AUCTIONEER**

Will Return to the City  
and be ready for Business  
by the 26th of September

Arrangements for sales can be made in  
the meantime at the

**AUCTION ROOMS**

**77-79 Douglas Street.**

**BR. SHIP CEDARBANK**

Now Loading For

**Victoria and Vancouver**

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For rates, etc., apply to

**R. P. RITHEET & CO., LTD.**

## G. H. MUMM'S EXTRA DRY

Kilmarnock Scotch, Lemp's Extra Pale,  
White Rock, Red Raven Splits.

Enough said. These goods speak for  
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**PITHER & LEISER,**

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## BUY NASCOS BECAUSE

It will do the work of the numerous varieties of cleans-  
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Plate and Metal Polish. Campers will find it indis-  
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It cleanses and disinfects Milk Cans. Use it for the  
Milk receptacle in your homes, you will find your  
Milk will keep sweet longer. For quantity, see direc-  
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25c tin. Order it from your Grocer.

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**"Art Electric Fixtures"**

Call and see the latest designs in Electric Fixtures, at  
our new showrooms, 29 Government Street.

**The Hinton Electric Co., Ltd.**

**THE GREAT MAJESTIC**

Is a High-Priced Range  
But it pays to buy the best

The Great Majestic pays for itself in  
the saving of fuel, and brings the great-  
est satisfaction, does its work and does  
it well.

We are now offering a cheaper Steel  
Range, the Reliance, for \$38.00. Splen-  
did value.

A full line of Tin and Granite Ware  
goods at the best market value.

**GEO. POWELL & CO**

**CHEAPSIDE**

**GET YOUR GUN,**

**JOHNNY**

**GET YOUR GUN!**

For shooting days are almost here. See  
that your shooting irons and ammunition  
are all right, if you want to have luck.  
Loaded shells, smokeless or black powder,  
and you will be sure every time. No dis-  
honest dealers or poorly loaded shells in  
our store. Try them.

P. S.—The above applies to Tom, Dick  
or Harry, and their cousins; no respecter  
of persons. We can supply all, and at the  
most reasonable rates.

**SHORE'S HARDWARE**

Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

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**General Merchants**

**Port Essington and Hazelton, B.C.**

GENERAL STORES.—A large stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc.,  
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HOTEL ESSINGTON.—First-class accommodation, good cuisine, terms moder-  
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ESSINGTON STEAM SAW MILL.—Prepared to supply at short notice all  
classes of rough and dressed lumber, Spruce, Red and Yellow Cedar; box lumber and  
shingles.

STEAMER HAZELTON.—Connecting with Mail Boats for Victoria and Van-  
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STEAMER CHIEFTAIN.—A large and powerful tug boat, open for charter.

THROUGH TICKETS TO COFTON.

Via Westholm. Stage leaves Daily except Sundays, connecting with North and  
South Bound trains. Double stage service Wednesdays and Saturdays, connecting  
with morning and afternoon trains. Fare from Victoria, Single \$2.40, Return \$3.60.

THROUGH TICKETS VICTORIA TO ALBERNI.

Stage leaves Nanaimo Tuesdays and Fridays on arrival of train from Vic-  
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SPECIAL RATES FOR SUNDAYS ONLY.

To Duncan \$1.00, Shawnigan Lake 75c, Goldstream 50c. Children under 12  
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Excursion rates in effect to all points good going Saturday and Sunday, return-  
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**GEO. L. COURTNEY**

**Traffic Manager**

## Oxford Chancellor Ranges

are built on a commodious plan. The oven is large and roomy, with a drop  
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steel oven racks. The oven is designed on our most modern plan and gives  
good, quick cooking results. The dampers are very simple in opera-  
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It being easy to adjust the temperature of the oven to the exact degree  
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being carried away immediately.

There are two three-  
inch spaces between  
the oven and the floor,  
preventing its being  
scorched as often  
happens with the low  
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